Big Tent Committee: Climate Resilience Overview

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So what can we do about climate change?







Mitigation

Reduce emissions of greenhouse gases

Adaptation

Identify and prepare for the impacts of climate change

We are taking a holistic approach to tackling climate change at WDFW

Resilience (aka adaptation):
Preparing for climate change impacts

Resilience

- Climate Action Team
- Key documents: climate risk report, climate resiliency plan
- Project example: resizing culverts to accommodate higher peak flows

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Sustainability

- Sustainability Team
- Key document: sustainability plan
- Project examples: transitioning to electric vehicles, increasing recycling

Sequestration

- Key document: UW graduate student report
- Project example: changing agricultural practices to increase soil carbon

Sequestration: Increasing carbon stored in plants and soils

Sustainability (aka GHG reduction): Reducing greenhouse gas emissions WDFW should focus climate resilience efforts at the nexus of decision making & climate risks

Decisions
WDFW is
trying to
make

Climate risks WDFW is working to ameliorate

Building Blocks of Climate Resilience

Authority: WDFW guidance, policies, legal capacity exist; agency staff are empowered to act & have the ability to do so.

Capacity: WDFW staff have the technical capacity (resources are available & skills exist) to effectively assess and implement responses that enhance climate resilience.



Knowledge: WDFW programs & staff have access to the best available climate information needed to make informed decisions about climate change.

Motivation: WDFW staff and leadership are interested & driven to act to build resilience.



PREPARING WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE FOR A CHANGING CLIMATE:

Assessing Risks and Opportunities for Action



CLIMATE IMPACTS GROUP
UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON
College of the Environment

A collaboration of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife and the University of Washington Climate Impacts Group "Climate change poses challenges to fulfilling its mission to "preserve, protect, and perpetuate fish, wildlife, and ecosystems while providing sustainable fish and wildlife recreational & commercial opportunities."

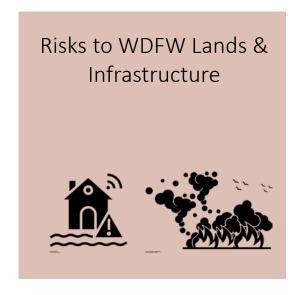
- Identifies cross-programmatic vulnerabilities to climate change
- Identifies opportunities for WDFW to build resilience to climate change

Four climate-related vulnerabilities common across Fish Program, Wildlife Program, Habitat Program, and CAMP Program

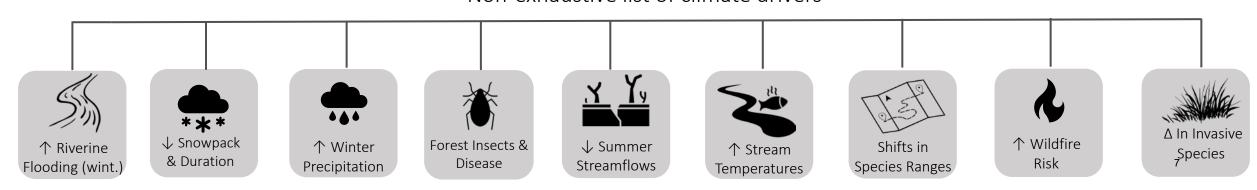








Non-exhaustive list of climate drivers



Opportunities for action to address these climate-related vulnerabilities

Policy, Regulations, Guidance & Mgmt Plans

Research, Monitoring, Tools, and Data Mgmt Capacity
Building, Staff
Training &
Coordination

Outreach & Communications

Partnerships & Collaboration

Α	R	C	υ	E	F	G
lum.	Short Description	Strategy	Action	Type of Action	Program (Harriet's Guess)	Strategic Plan or Foundational Map Connection
	Adaptive fisheries management	etion	forecased conditions, so that harvest planning is responsive to changing climate risks and environmental conditions.	Data Collection & Monitoring	Fish	Deliver science that informs Washington's mos pressing fish and wildlife questions. Near-term
72	opportunities for opportunitie	tize for 23-	Revise the Hydraulic Gode Rules to require the consideration of future streamflow a jumons for Hydraulic Project Approvals (HPAs) for projects 25t be, divert obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the sant or fresh waters of the state. [Consider the requirement to use the climate adapted culverts tool for HPAs]	Policy	Habitat - Regulation	Foundational Map. A.9.3.9. Study and plan for climate impacts on waterways and resulting effects on aquatic lifecycles.
	Ad <mark>aptive water quality</mark> management		Work with the Department of Ecology to make Clean Water Act discharge permits more flexible and responsive to changing coniditons.	Policy & Partnerships	Habitat	
	Adaptive dam and reservoir	Support and advise the setting of environmental flows to maintain adequate streamflow	Research how envionmental flows can be improved to maintain key ecological processes including channel forming process flows and	Evaluation &		Foundational Map. A.4.(3.4). Ensure that there remains enough water in waterways to allow for
4	management	levels.	streamflow during critical low flow periods.	Assessment	Habitat - Science	healthy fish lifecycles.