

STATE OF WASHINGTON

2001-2002 pamphlet edition

MIGRATORY WATERFOWL AND UPLAND GAME SEASONS



*Effective from September 1, 2001 to
March 31, 2002, both dates inclusive.*

Duck Stamp Art by Adam Grimm

Information for
ordering the duck
stamp and print is
located inside
on page 26.



Washington
Department of
**FISH and
WILDLIFE**

NOTE: All advertising was removed from this PDF edition of the WDFW Migratory Waterfowl and Upland Game Regulation Pamphlet in order to reduce file size. Pages 2, 9, 19, 20, 21, 25, 27, 32, 36, 38, and 39 contained nothing but ads and were therefore omitted from this document. On other pages, removal of ads resulted in blank space.

2001-02 HUNTING LICENSE FEES

Licenses are issued on a uniform April 1 through March 31 cycle rather than by calendar year. You may purchase a hunting license at hunting and fishing license dealerships, at WDFW Olympia and regional offices, by using a toll free telephone number 1-866-246-9453, or through the internet at www.fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov. Fees below include a 9.5% transaction fee. The hunting package is divided into big game and small game licensing options.

Big Game - The big game package contains five options. All prices include license and tags. Forest grouse and unclassified wildlife (including coyote) may be hunted with either a small game or big game license purchase.

Small Game - The small game license allows the holder to hunt for wild animals and wild birds, except big game. The small game license includes one transport tag for turkey and includes a prorated surcharge for Eastern Washington pheasant enhancement. There are additional charges for the second and third turkey tags, Western Washington pheasant permits, and migratory bird validations.

	Res Adult/Sr.	Non-Res.	Youth (under 16) & Disabled Vet
Big Game License Options			
#1 Deer+elk+cougar+bear	\$72.27	\$722.70	\$36.14
#2 Deer+elk	\$61.32	\$613.20	\$30.66
#3 Deer or elk+cougar+bear	\$50.37	\$503.70	\$25.19
#4 Deer or elk	\$39.42	\$394.20	\$19.71
#5 Bear+cougar	\$21.90	\$219.00	\$10.95
Small Game License Options			
Small Game	\$32.85	\$164.25	\$16.43
3-day Small Game	n/a	\$54.75	n/a
With proof of a big game package purchase	\$17.52	\$87.60	\$8.76
Each additional turkey tag	\$18.00	\$60.00	\$9.00
Other Licenses, Tags, & Permits			
Trapping license*	Resident \$36.00	Non-Res. \$180.00	Youth (under 16) \$15.00
Taxidermy license*	\$180.00	n/a	n/a
Pheasant permit (Western WA)			
Westside full season	\$39.42	\$39.42	\$18.00
Westside 3-day option	\$21.90	\$21.90	n/a
Migratory bird validation (state)	\$6.57	\$6.57	Free
Migratory bird stamp (state) w/validation	Free	Free	n/a

*Sold only at the WDFW Olympia Office, License Division.

License Dealer fees will be charged - \$2 for licenses and 50¢ for tags, stamps, and permits.

MIGRATORY BIRD HUNTING LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

In addition to a small game license, all hunters of migratory game birds (ducks, geese, doves, coots, and snipe) are required to complete a Harvest Information Program (HIP) survey at a license dealer, and possess a state migratory bird validation as evidence of compliance with requirement when hunting migratory game birds. All duck and goose hunters 16 and over must also possess a federal migratory bird stamp, signed in ink across the front. Federal stamps can be purchased at selected license dealers, all post offices, all National Wildlife Refuges, by calling 1-888-534-0400, or ordered online at <http://secure.unicomp.net/duckstamp>. State migratory bird validations and stamps can be purchased through license dealers and the Department of Fish and Wildlife Headquarters Office in Olympia.

Remember: If you are 16 years of age or older, you must buy a small game license & both a federal duck stamp and state migratory bird validation to hunt ducks and geese. If you are under 16, you must have a small game license and a free state migratory bird validation to hunt any migratory game birds. To hunt only doves, coots, and snipe, you must have a small game license and a state migratory bird validation - federal duck stamp not required.

2001 MIGRATORY BIRD STAMPS AND PRINTS

Mallards at Columbia NWR

by Adam Grimm

ORDER YOURS TODAY!

Proceeds from the sale of Washington migratory bird validation stamps, and limited edition artwork are used to improve habitat for waterfowl and other migratory birds in Washington. Prints are available through local art galleries and stamps are sold through WDFW license vendors. For more information on the state migratory bird stamp program, see page 26 or: www.wa.gov/wdfw/wlm/game/waterduckstamp.htm



Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife • Waterfowl Section
600 Capitol Way N • Olympia, WA 98501-1091

CONTENTS

License Fees	3
Migratory Waterfowl Seasons	4-8
Forest Grouse, Turkey, and Upland Bird Seasons	4-5, 13
Nontoxic Shot Requirement	8, 13
Falconry Seasons	14
Special Closures/Area Restrictions	15
General Regulations	15-16
Game Reserves	22-24
Hunting Hours	37

WASHINGTON FISH AND WILDLIFE COMMISSION

Russ Cahill, Chair Olympia
Will Roehl, Vice Chair Bellingham
Kelly White Kettle Falls
R.P. Van Gytenbeek Seattle
Fred Shiosaki Spokane
Lisa Pelly Bainbridge Island
Don Heinicke Wenatchee
Bob Tuck Selah
Dawn Reynolds Pullman

Commission phone: (360) 902-2267

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE OFFICES

Olympia Office (360) 902-2200

Visitors: Natural Resources Building (Main Office)

1111 Washington St. S.E., Olympia

Mailing Address: 600 Capitol Way N

Olympia, WA 98501-1091

Region 1 (509) 456-4082

N 8702 Division Street

Spokane, WA 99218-1199

Region 2 (509) 754-4624

1550 Alder St NW

Ephrata, WA 98823-9699

Wenatchee Office (509) 662-0452

3860 Chelan Hwy. N

Wenatchee, WA 98801-9607

Region 3 (509) 575-2740

1701 S 24th Ave.

Yakima, WA 98902-5720

Region 4 (425) 775-1311

16018 Mill Creek Blvd.

Mill Creek, WA 98012-1296

Region 5 (360) 696-6211

2108 Grand Blvd.

Vancouver, WA 98661-4624

Region 6 (360) 249-4628

48 Devonshire Rd.

Montesano, WA 98563-9618

Website <http://www.wa.gov/wdfw>

This pamphlet is a summary of the hunting seasons and regulations (chapters 232-12, 232-16 and 232-28 of the Washington Administrative Code) adopted by the Washington Fish and Wildlife Commission. This pamphlet does not contain nor is it intended to contain all department regulations. Regulations specific to the hunting seasons described in this pamphlet are found in sections 232-28-425 and 232-28-276 of the Washington Administrative Code.

CAUTION: Emergency regulation changes may occur while the seasons described in this pamphlet are in effect and will supersede information contained herein. Area news media will be informed of changes as they occur.

SUMMARY OF SEASONS

MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS		SEASON DATES (inclusive)	DAILY BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
AREA				
Ducks	Statewide	Sept. 22-23, 2001 (Youth Hunting Only)(a) Oct. 6-17, 2001 and Oct. 20, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002, except Canvasback season closed Oct. 6 - Dec. 14, 2001	7 (b) 7 (b)	14 (c) 14 (c)
Coots	Same as duck seasons	Same as duck seasons (including Youth Hunt)(a)	25	25
Snipe	Same as duck seasons	Same as duck seasons (except Youth Hunt)	8	16
Geese (except Brant and Aleutian Canada Geese)	Goose Mgmt. Areas 2A, 4, 5	Sept. 8-13, 2001	3 Canada geese	6 Canada geese
	Goose Mgmt. Areas 1 and 3	Sept. 8-13, 2001	5 Canada geese	10 Canada geese
	Goose Mgmt. Area 2B	Sept. 1-15, 2001	5 Canada geese	10 Canada geese
Management area descriptions and map on p. 6 & 7	Statewide, except Goose Mgmt. Areas 2A & 2B	Sept. 22-23, 2001 (Youth Hunting Only)(a)	4 Canada geese	8 Canada geese
	Goose Mgmt. Area 1 (see additional requirements on p. 6)	Oct.6-25 and Nov. 3, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002, except snow, Ross, or blue geese may only be taken Oct. 6, 2001-Jan. 6, 2002	4 (d)	8 (e)
	Goose Mgmt. Area 2A (see additional requirements and special late season on p. 6)	8 a.m.- 4 p.m. Sat., Sun., Thur. only Nov. 21, 2001-Jan. 13, 2002, except Ridgefield NWR Sat., Mon., Wed. only.	4 (f)	8 (f)
	Goose Mgmt. Area 2B (see additional requirements on p. 6)	8 a.m. - 4 p.m. Sat., Sun., Wed. only Nov. 10-Dec. 30, 2001	4 (f)	8 (f)
	Goose Mgmt. Area 3	Oct. 6-25 and Nov. 3, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002	4 (d)	8 (e)
	Goose Mgmt. Area 4	Sat., Sun., Wed. only, from Oct. 6-28 and Nov. 3, 2001-Jan. 13, 2002; Nov. 12, 22, 23, and Dec. 25, 2001; Jan. 1, 2002, and every day Jan. 14-20, 2002	4 (d)	8 (e)
	Goose Mgmt. Area 5	Oct. 6-25 and Nov. 3, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002	4 (d)	8 (e)
Brant (see authorization requirements on p.8)	Skagit and Pacific Counties	Nov. 17, 18, 21, 24 & 25, 2001 & Jan. 12, 13, 16, 19, 20, 2002 If the pre-season wintering population in Padilla/Samish/Fidalgo Bays is below 6,000 (as determined by the winter survey in late December/early January) the brant season in Skagit County will be canceled.	2	4
Mourning Dove	Statewide	Sept. 1-15, 2001	10	20
Aleutian Canada Geese, Swans, Band-tailed Pigeons		Closed Statewide		
UPLAND BIRDS, GROUSE, TURKEY, RABBIT, HARE, CROW, BULLFROGS				
Forest Grouse (Blue, Ruffed, and Spruce)	Statewide	Sept. 1-Dec. 31, 2001	3 of any species	9 of any species
Sage and Sharp-tailed grouse, Ptarmigan		Closed statewide		
Pheasant (see additional requirements on p. 13)	Western Washington	Sept. 22-23, 2001 (Youth Hunting Only)(a)	2 either sex	4 either sex
		Sept. 24-28, 2001 (Only for hunters 65 years of age or older).	2 either sex	10 either sex
		8 a.m.-4 p.m. Sept. 29-Nov. 30, 2001 except Dungeness Recreation Area site starting Oct. 6	2 either sex	15 either sex
	Eastern Washington	Sept. 22-23, 2001 (Youth Hunting Only)(a)	3 cocks only	6 cocks only
		Oct. 6-Dec. 31, 2001	3 cocks only	15 cocks only
California (Valley) Quail and Northern Bobwhite	Western Washington	Oct. 6-Nov. 30, 2001	10 Cal quail or bobwhite	30 Cal quail or bobwhite
	Eastern Washington	Sept. 22-23, 2001 (Youth Hunting Only)(a) Oct. 6, 2001-Jan. 21, 2002	10 Cal quail or bobwhite 10 Cal Quail or bobwhite	20 Cal quail or bobwhite 30 Cal Quail or bobwhite
Quail (Mountain)	Western Washington	Oct. 6-Nov. 30, 2001	2	4
	Eastern Washington	Season closed		
Partridge (Chukar & Gray)	Eastern Washington	Oct. 1, 2001-Jan. 21, 2002	6 chukar and 6 gray	18 chukar and 18 gray
Cottontail and Snowshoe Hare	Statewide	Sept. 1, 2001-Mar. 15, 2002	5 cottontail or snowshoe	15 cottontail or snowshoe
Jackrabbit and Pygmy Rabbit		(Closed Statewide)		
Crow	Statewide	Oct. 1, 2001-Jan. 31, 2002	no limit	no limit
Bullfrogs	Statewide	Year round, except open for angling only when waters open for angling (no license required).	no limit	no limit

a) **Special youth hunting season** open to hunters under 16 years of age (must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years old who is not hunting).

b) **Daily bag limit:** 7 ducks – to include not more than 2 hen mallards, 1 pintail, 4 scaup, 1 canvasback, 2 redheads, 1 harlequin, 4 scoters, and 4 oldsquaws. **Canvasback season closed Oct. 6 - Dec. 14, 2001.**

c) **Possession limit:** 14 ducks – to include not more than 4 hen mallards, 2 pintails, 8 scaup, 2 canvasback, 4 redheads, 1 harlequin, 8 scoters, and 8 oldsquaws. **Canvasback season closed Oct. 6 - Dec. 14, 2001**

d) **Daily bag limit:** 4 geese - to include not more than 3 snow, Ross', or blue geese.

e) **Possession limit:** 8 geese - to include not more than 6 snow, Ross', or blue geese.

f) **Daily bag limit:** 4 geese - to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose, and not more than 3 snow, Ross', or blue geese.

Possession limit: 8 geese - to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose, and not more than 6 snow, Ross', or blue geese.

Season limit: 1 dusky Canada goose. (A dusky Canada goose is defined as a dark-breasted

[Munsell 10 YR, 5 or less] Canada goose with a culmen [bill] length of 40-50 mm)

NEW DECOY RESTRICTIONS

It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl with the use or aid of battery powered or other electronic devices as decoys.

SUMMARY OF SEASON DATES AND REQUIREMENTS

General Fall Seasons	September	October	November	December	January	License
Duck, coot, snipe (statewide)						
Youth hunt (except snipe)	22-23					s, sm
General season		6 17 20			20	s, fm, sm
Goose (except brant)						
September Canada goose (exc. Area 2B)	8 13					s, fm, sm
September Canada goose Area 2B	1 15					s, fm, sm
Youth Canada goose (exc. closed in Areas 2A & 2B)	22-23					s, sm
Mgmt. Area 1 snow goose		6			6	s, fm, sm, sn
Mgmt. Area 1		6 25	3		20	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 2A			21	selected dates	13	s, fm, sm, cg
Mgmt Area 2B			10	selected dates	30	s, fm, sm, cg
Mgmt. Area 3		6 25	3		20	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 4		6 28	3	selected dates	20	s, fm, sm
Mgmt. Area 5		6 25	3		20	s, fm, sm
Brant (Skagit and Pacific Co.)			selected dates 17 25		selected dates 12 20	s, fm, sm, br
Dove (statewide)	1 15					s, sm
Forest Grouse (statewide)	1				31	s or b
Pheasant (westside)						
Youth hunt	22-23					s, p
65 & older	24-28					s, p
General season	29			30		s, p
Pheasant (eastside)						
Youth hunt	22-23					s
General season		6			31	s
California Quail and Bobwhite (westside)		6		30		s
California Quail and Bobwhite (eastside)						
Youth hunt	22-23					s
General season		6			21	s
Chukar and Gray Partridge (eastside)		1			21	s

Key to license and other requirements: b=big game license; br=brant authorization; cg=Canada goose authorization; fm=federal migratory bird stamp (not required for youth hunters); p=westside pheasant permit; s=small game license; sm=state migratory bird validation (free for youth hunters); sn=snow goose authorization.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS 2001-2002 MIGRATORY WATERFOWL SEASONS

GOOSE MANAGEMENT AREA 1

WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION REQUIRED TO HUNT SNOW GEESE. All persons hunting snow geese in this management area are required to obtain a written authorization and Harvest Report from the WDFW (snow goose hunters in other parts of the state are exempt from this requirement). Hunters who held a 2000-01 authorization and returned the Harvest Report prior to the deadline will be mailed a 2001-02 authorization in early October. Hunters who did not possess a 2000-01 authorization must fill out an application (available at WDFW Olympia and regional offices). **Application forms must be delivered to a Department office no later than September 25 or postmarked on or before September 25 in order for applicants to be mailed a 2001-02 authorization before the season starts. No applications will be accepted after October 31, 2001.** Immediately after taking a snow goose into possession, hunters must record in ink the information required on the Harvest Report. Return of the Harvest Report is mandatory. Those hunters not returning the Harvest Report to the WDFW by January 31, 2002 will be ineligible to participate in the 2002-03 snow goose season.

GOOSE MANAGEMENT AREAS 2A AND 2B

The Canada goose season for Western Washington Goose Management Areas 2A and 2B will be closed early if dusky Canada goose harvests exceed area quotas which collectively total 80 geese. The Fish and Wildlife Commission has authorized the Director to implement emergency area closures in accordance with the following quotas: A total of 80 dusks, to be distributed 10 for Zone 1 (Ridgefield NWR); 25 for Zone 2

(Cowlitz County south of the Kalama River); 20 for Zone 3 (Clark County private lands); 10 for Zone 4 (Cowlitz County north of the Kalama River and Wahkiakum County); 10 for Zone 5 (Pacific County); and 5 for Zone 6 (Grays Harbor County). Quotas may be shifted to other zones during the season to optimize use of the statewide quota and minimize depredation.

Goose hunting is only permitted by written authorization from the WDFW. Hunters who maintained a valid 2000-01 written authorization will be mailed a 2001-02 authorization card prior to the 2001-02 season. New hunters and those who did not maintain a valid 2000-01 authorization must review goose identification training materials and demonstrate adequate performance on a goose identification test to receive written authorization. Information on training materials and testing dates/locations is on page 7.

With written authorization, hunters will receive a Harvest Report. Hunters must carry the authorization card and Harvest Report while hunting. Immediately after taking a Canada goose (dusky, lesser/Taverner, cackling, or other subspecies) into possession, hunters must record in ink the information required on the Harvest Report. Hunters must go directly to the nearest check station and have geese tagged when leaving a hunt site, before 6:00 p.m. If a hunter takes the season bag limit of one dusky Canada goose or does not comply with requirements listed above regarding checking of birds and recording harvest on the Harvest Report, written authorization will be invalidated and the hunter will not be able to hunt in Western Washington Goose Management Areas 2A & 2B for the remainder of the season and the Special Late Canada Goose Season. It is unlawful to fail to comply with all provisions listed above for Western Washington Goose Management Areas 2A & 2B.

GOOSE MANAGEMENT AREA 2A SPECIAL LATE CANADA GOOSE SEASON

Open to Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Advanced Hunter Education (AHE) program graduates and youth hunters (15 years of age or under, who are accompanied by an AHE hunter) possessing a valid 2001-02 southwest Washington Canada goose hunting authorization. Hunters qualifying for the season will be placed on a list for participation in this hunt. WDFW will assist landowners with contacting qualified hunters to participate in damage control hunts on specific agricultural lands incurring goose damage. Open in agricultural goose damage areas in Western Washington Goose Management Area 2A on selected dates within the following period from 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.: Saturdays, Sundays, and Wednesdays, January 19-March 10, 2002.

Daily bag limit: 4 Canada geese, to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose.

Possession limit: 8 Canada geese, to include not more than 1 dusky Canada goose.

Season limit: 1 dusky Canada goose.

A dusky Canada goose is defined as a dark-breasted Canada goose (as shown in the Munsell color chart 10 YR, 5 or less) with a culmen (bill) length of 40-50 mm.

The Special Late Canada Goose Season will be closed by emergency action if the harvest of dusky Canada geese exceeds 85 for the regular and late seasons. All provisions listed above for Western Washington Goose Management Areas 2A & 2B regarding authorization, harvest reporting, and checking requirements also apply to the special Late Canada Goose Season, except hunters must confirm their participation at least 24 hours in advance, and hunters must check out by 5 p.m. each day, regardless of success.

BIRD BAND REPORTING

You can now report federal migratory bird bands by calling a toll-free number: 1-800-327-BAND. Calls can be made 24 hours a day, and you will receive information on when and where the bird was banded. Please use this number to report federal migratory bird bands only (no upland birds or private bands). Bands can also be reported to www.pwrc.usgs.gov/bbl.

GOOSE MANAGEMENT AREAS 2A & 2B

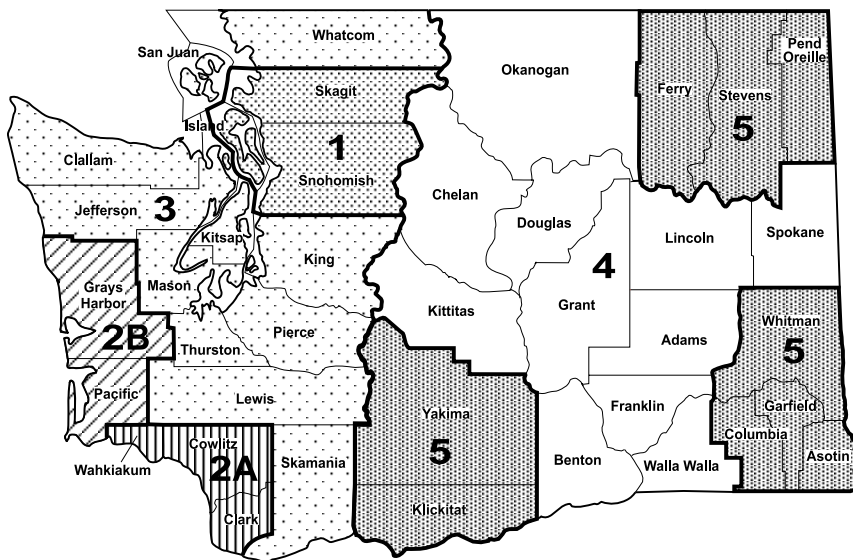
GOOSE IDENTIFICATION TRAINING MATERIALS AND TESTING SCHEDULE

Training materials necessary to pass the goose identification test required for Goose Management Area 2A and 2B consist of a home study booklet and a one hour videotape, both titled "Pacific Northwest Goose Management." The booklet is available at the Olympia and regional offices of WDFW, and the videotape is available through Videoland Productions, Inc., 805 College Street SE, Lacey, WA 98503, at a cost of \$10.00, including shipping and tax. Videoland Productions, Inc. accepts major credit cards, checks, and money orders. Their toll free number is 1-800-861-1342, the commercial number is 1-360-491-1332, the fax is (360) 491-1333, or email <http://www.cco.net/~vland>.

Goose identification testing will be conducted at designated locations throughout western Washington. New hunters and those who had 2000-01 hunting authorizations invalidated for goose management area 2 will be expected to attend one of these testing sessions and pass an exam with a minimum of 80% to receive their 2001-02 hunting authorization. Hunters who fail a test must wait 28 days before retesting, and will not be issued a reciprocal authorization until that time.

Region	Date	Time	Location	City
4	10/9, 11/13	6 p.m.	Region 4 Office	Mill Creek
4	12/12	3 p.m.	Region 4 Office	Mill Creek
4	10/10	3 p.m.	Yeager's Sporting Goods	Bellingham
5	10/8, 10/15	7 p.m.	Cowlitz PUD	Longview
5	10/10, 10/17, 10/24, 10/31, 11/7, 11/14, 11/21, 11/28, 12/5, 12/12, 12/19	12 p.m.-3:30 p.m.	Wahkiakum Conservation Dist.	Skamokawa
5	10/17	6 p.m.	Region 5 Office	Vancouver
5	10/16, 10/23, 10/30, 11/6, 11/13, 11/20, 11/27, 12/4, 12/11, 12/18	3 p.m.	Region 5 Office	Vancouver
6	10/2	7 p.m.	Pacific Co. Transit Authority	Ilwaco
6	10/25	7 p.m.	Region 6 Office	Montesano
6	11/1	7 p.m.	Natural Resources Bldg.	Olympia

For directions to testing sites contact the appropriate regional office (see page 3).



GOOSE MANAGEMENT AREAS

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p> Goose Management Area 1
Island, Skagit, Snohomish Counties.</p> <p> Goose Management Area 2A
Clark, Cowlitz and Wahkiakum counties, except that portion of Clark county south of the Washougal River.</p> <p> Goose Management Area 2B
Pacific and Grays Harbor counties.</p> | <p> Goose Management Area 3
All other parts of western Washington not included in Goose Management Areas 1, 2A and 2B.</p> <p> Goose Management Area 4
Adams, Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, Kittitas, Lincoln, Okanogan, Spokane, and Walla Walla</p> <p> Goose Management Area 5
All other parts of eastern Washington not included in Goose Management Area 4.</p> |
|--|---|

BRANT

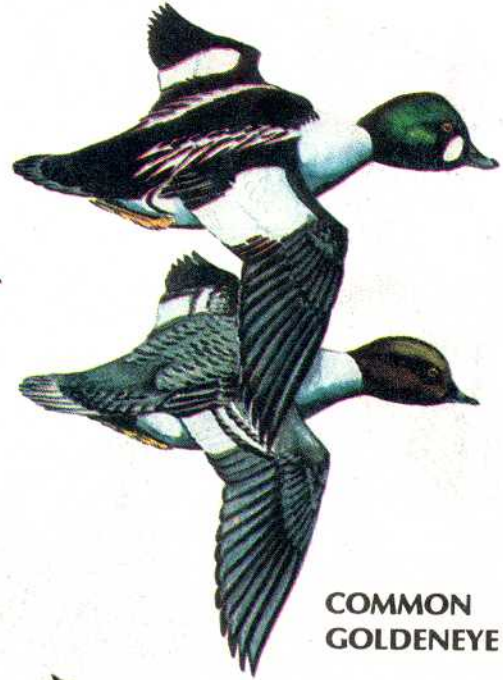
WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION REQUIRED: All hunters participating in this season are required to obtain a written authorization and Harvest Report from the WDFW. Hunters who held a 2000-01 authorization will be mailed a 2001-2002 authorization. Hunters who did not possess a 2000-01 authorization must fill out an application (available at WDFW offices). **Application forms must be delivered to a WDFW office no later than 5:00 p.m. on November 9 or post-marked on or before November 9; after which applicants will be mailed a 2001-02 authorization. Late applications will not be accepted.** Immediately after taking a brant into possession, hunters must record in ink the information required on the Harvest Report. Return of the Harvest Report is mandatory. Those hunters not returning the Harvest Report to the WDFW by January 31, 2002 will be ineligible to participate in the 2002-03 brant season.

NONTOXIC SHOT REQUIREMENT

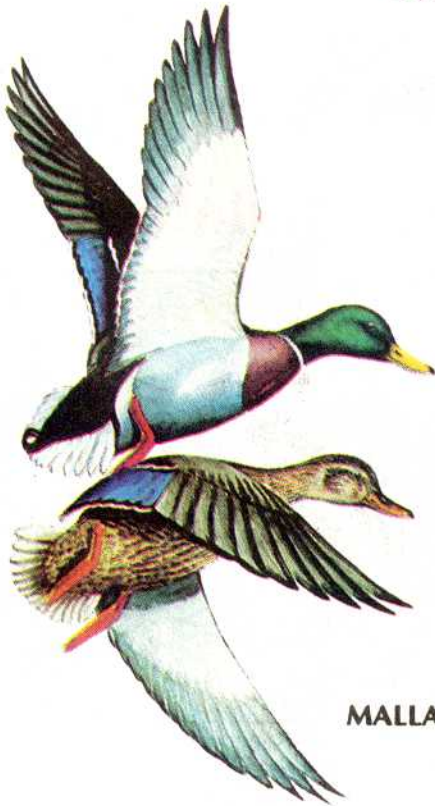
It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic shot when hunting for waterfowl, coot, or snipe. **Nontoxic shot includes steel shot, bismuth-tin shot** (97 % bismuth: 3 % tin with <1 % residual lead), **tungsten-iron shot** (40 % tungsten : 60 % iron with <1 % residual lead), **tungsten-polymer shot** (95.5 % tungsten : 4.5 % nylon 6 or 11 with <1 % residual lead), **tungsten-matrix shot** (95.9 % tungsten : 4.1 % polymer with <1 % residual lead), tin shot (99.9% tin with <1% residual lead) or **tungsten-nickel-iron shot** (50 % tungsten: 35% nickel: 15% iron with <1% residual lead). See additional requirements on p. 13.



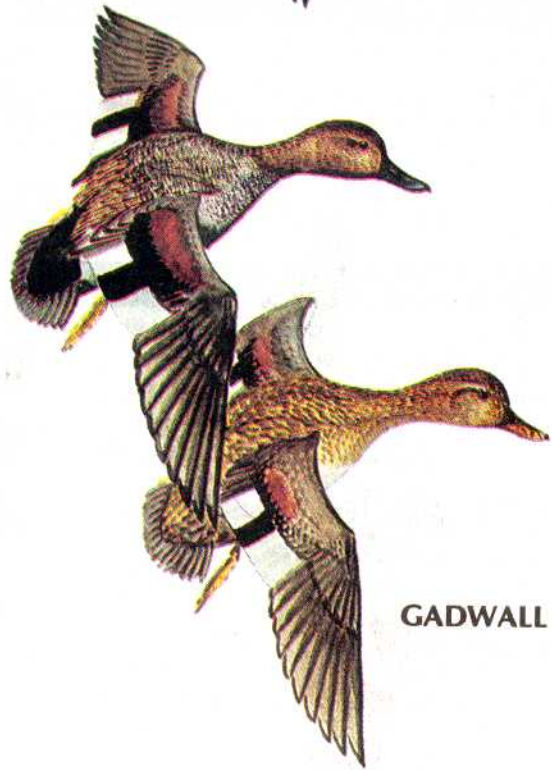
NORTHERN SHOVELER



COMMON GOLDENEYE



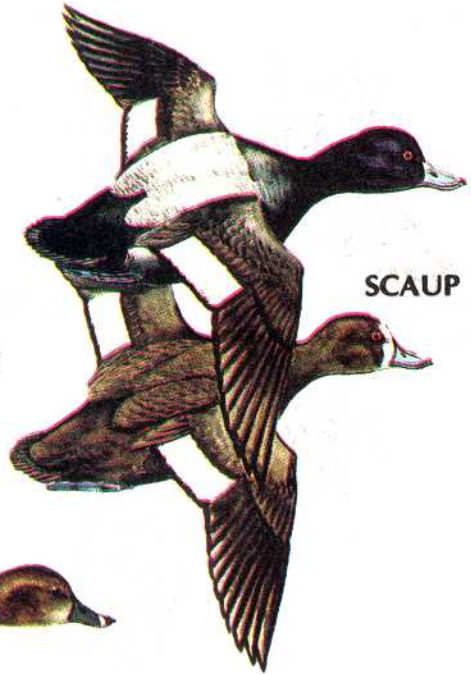
MALLARD



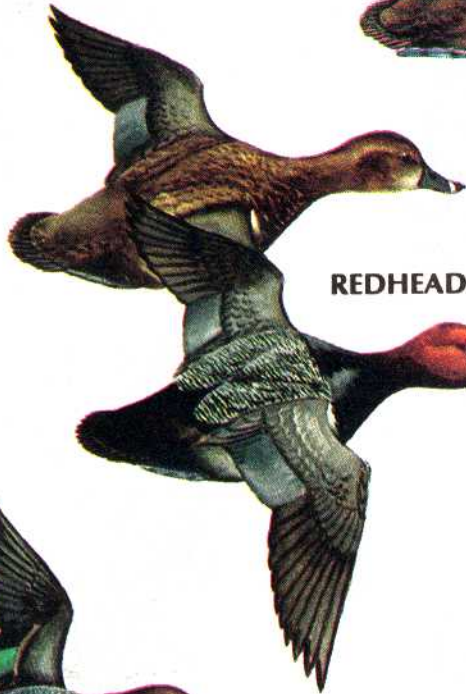
GADWALL



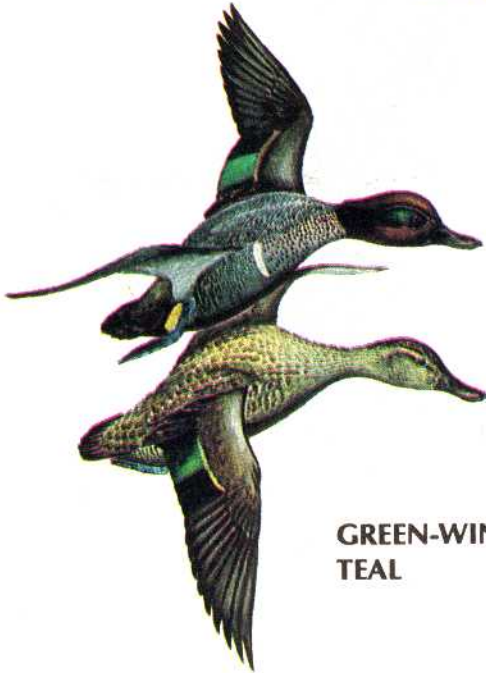
WOOD DUCK



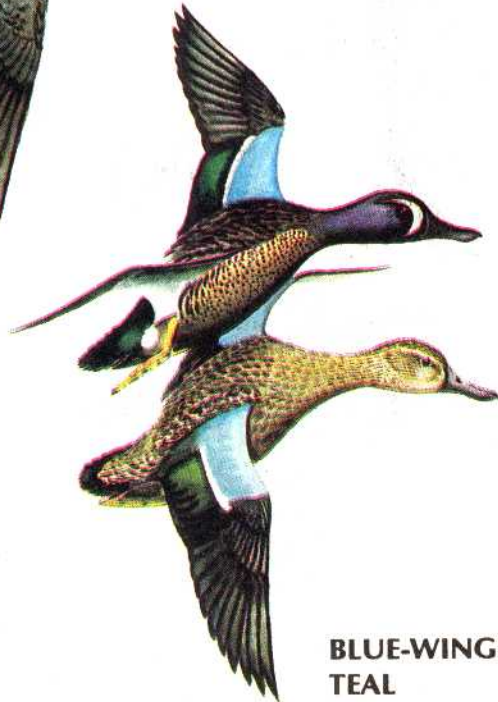
SCAUP



REDHEAD



**GREEN-WINGED
TEAL**



**BLUE-WINGED
TEAL**



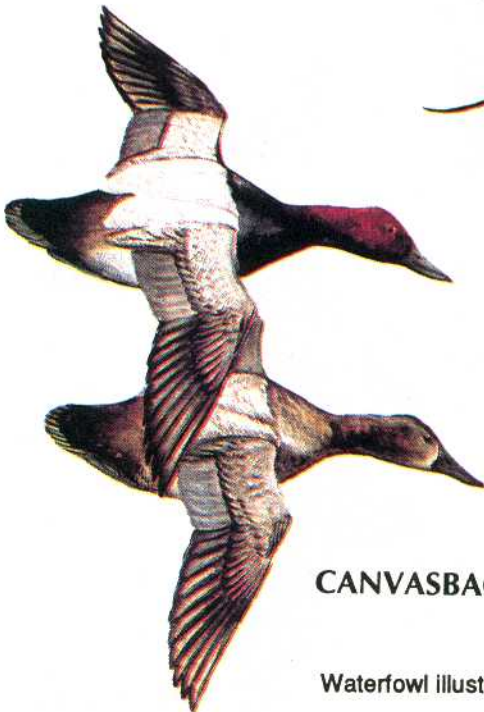
**AMERICAN
WIGEON**



BUFFLEHEAD



**NORTHERN
PINTAIL**



CANVASBACK

Waterfowl illustrations courtesy of Ducks Unlimited Canada

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR 2001-2002 UPLAND GAME SEASONS

RING-NECKED PHEASANT

A Western Washington Pheasant Permit is required to hunt pheasant in western Washington, in addition to a current small game hunting license. Upon taking a pheasant, the holder of a Western Washington Pheasant Permit must immediately enter on the corresponding space the date and location of kill.

There are two options available for the 2001 hunting season:

- (1) **Full Season Option:** Allows the harvest of eight (8) pheasants.
- (2) **3-Day Option:** Allows the harvest of four (4) pheasants during three consecutive days.

It is unlawful to purchase an additional permit until the 8 pheasants allowed on the current permit are taken.

A hunter shall select one valid option at the time they purchase their Permit.

Every person possessing a Western Washington Pheasant Permit must return the permit to WDFW by December 31. The number of permits purchased per year is not limited.

Western Washington pheasant hunters must choose to hunt on either odd-numbered or even-numbered weekend days from 8:00 - 10:00 a.m. at all units of Lake Terrell, Tennant Lake, Snoqualmie, Skagit, Skookumchuck, and Scatter Creek Wildlife Areas, and must indicate their choice on the Western Washington Pheasant Permit by choosing "odd" or "even." Hunters who select the 3-day option, hunters 65 years of age or older, and youth hunters 15 or younger may hunt during either weekend day morning. Youth hunters must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years old (if hunting, adults must have an appropriately marked pheasant permit).

Note: Contact the Adventure Center at Fort Lewis (253) 967-6263 and the Environmental Affairs Office at the Whidbey Island Naval Air Station (360) 257-1009 prior to hunting at these locations.

TURKEY

Mandatory harvest reporting requirements are listed on page 7 of Big Game Hunting Seasons and Rules Pamphlet. **By January 31, 2002, hunters must report their hunting activity for each turkey tag acquired by calling toll free 1-877-945-3492 or via internet at www.fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov.**

NONTOXIC SHOT

It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic shot for any purpose in the following areas:

- Bridgeport Bar segment of Well's Wildlife Area
- Cowlitz Wildlife Area
- Lake Terrell Wildlife Area (including Tennant Lake and other segments)
- Shillapoo Wildlife Area
- Skagit Wildlife Area (all segments)
- Snoqualmie Wildlife Area (all segments)
- Sunnyside Wildlife Area
- The Driscoll Island, Hegdahl, and Kline Parcel segments of the Sinlahekin Wildlife Area.
- Vancouver Lake Wildlife Area

It is unlawful to possess shot (either in shotshells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than nontoxic shot when hunting for game birds or game animals in the following areas:

- Chehalis River pheasant release site
- Dungeness Recreation Area
- Hunter Farms pheasant release site
- Raymond Airport pheasant release site
- Two Rivers and Wallula Units of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's McNary National Wildlife Refuge
- Whidbey Island Seaplane Base, OLF Coupeville, and Bayview pheasant release sites (See p. 34 for more information)

FOREST GROUSE

Forest grouse may not be killed with centerfire rifles or centerfire pistols during modern firearm deer or elk seasons unless appropriate deer or elk tags are on the hunter's person. Forest grouse may be taken with shotguns or .22 rimfire rifles and pistols during the entire grouse hunting season.

BIRD DOG TRAINING SEASON

Aug. 1, 2001-Mar. 31, 2002; except on designated western Washington pheasant release sites, where dog training is only allowed from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. from Sept. 15-Nov. 30, 2001.

Dog training may be conducted year-around on posted portions of: Region One-Espanola (T 24 N, R 40 E, E ½ of Sec. 16); Region Three-South L.T. Murray Wildlife Area; Region Four-Fort Lewis Military Base, Skagit Wildlife Area, Lake Terrell Wildlife Area, and Snoqualmie Wildlife Area; Region Five-Shillapoo/Vancouver Lake Wildlife Area; Region Six-Scatter Creek Wildlife Area.

A valid hunting license is required to train dogs on wild birds at anytime.

FALCONRY SEASONS

A falconry license and a current small game hunting license are required for hunting with a raptor. In addition, a Western Washington Pheasant Permit is required to hunt pheasant in western Washington; and federal and state migratory bird stamps are required to hunt migratory birds.

If a raptor captures any species of wildlife (quarry) in a closed season, the falconer must release the quarry if it is not seriously injured. If the quarry is seriously injured or killed, the quarry must be left at the site, but the raptor may feed on the kill. If the accidentally killed wildlife is a Washington State Candidate species (including jackrabbit), the falconer must immediately record on a WDFW form or facsimile the falconer's name, falconry permit number, date, species and sex (if known) of the quarry, and the location of the kill (as accurately as possible). Total accidental take of Candidate species cannot exceed 5/season; falconers must cease hunting for the day if a candidate species is taken. All reports of accidental take must be submitted to the WDFW falconry permit coordinator by April 1 each year. Released quarry are not considered "take." Take of species protected under federal or state endangered or threatened species laws is not permitted.

HUNTER ORANGE

Anyone hunting upland birds (pheasant, quail, and partridge), rabbits, or hares with a modern firearm during any upland game bird season is required to wear hunter orange clothing. Those hunting forest grouse, rabbits, or hares during deer or elk hunting seasons must also wear hunter orange clothing. A minimum of 400 square inches of fluorescent hunter orange exterior clothing, worn above the waist and visible from all sides, is required to comply with this regulation.

FALCONRY SEASONS

SPECIES	AREA	SEASON DATES (inclusive)	DAILY BAG LIMIT	POSSESSION LIMIT
Upland Game Birds and Forest Grouse	Statewide	Aug. 1, 2001-Mar. 15, 2002 (falconry)	2 pheasants (either sex), 6 partridge. 5 CA quail or bobwhite, 2 mountain quail(W.WA only), and 3 forest grouse	Twice the daily bag
Mourning Dove	Statewide	Sept. 1-15, 2001 and Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 2001 (falconry)	3 mourning doves, straight or mixed bag with snipe, coots, ducks, and geese during established seasons	Twice the daily bag
Cottontail and Snowshoe hare	Statewide	Aug. 1, 2001-Mar. 15, 2002 (falconry)	5 cottontail or snowshoe hares, straight or mixed bag	Twice the daily bag
Ducks, Coots and Snipe	Statewide	Oct. 6-17, 2001 and Oct. 20, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002 (falconry)	3, straight or mixed bag with geese and mourning doves during established seasons	6, straight or mixed bag with geese and mourning doves during established seasons
Geese	Statewide except Goose Mgmt. Areas 1, 2A & 2B	Oct. 6-25, 2001 & Nov. 3, 2001-Jan. 20, 2002. (falconry)	3, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coot, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons	6, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons
	Goose Mgmt Area 1	Oct. 6, 2001-Jan. 1, 2002 (falconry)	3, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks,coot, snipe, and mourning doves during established season	6, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons
	Goose Mgmt Area 2A	Saturdays, Sundays, and Thursdays only, Nov. 21, 2001-Jan. 13, 2002 and Jan. 19 - Mar. 10, 2002; except Ridgefield NWR (Zone 1). Ridgefield NWR (Zone 1): Saturdays, Mondays, and Wednesdays only, Nov. 21, 2001 - Jan 13, 2002. (falconry)	3, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks,coot, snipe, and mourning doves during established season	6, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons
	Goose Mgmt Area 2B	Saturdays, Sundays, and Wednesdays only, Nov. 10-Dec. 30, 2001. (falconry)	3, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks,coot, snipe, and mourning doves during established season	6, (except Brant, Aleutian Canada Geese) straight or mixed bag with ducks, coots, snipe, and mourning doves during established seasons
Jackrabbit, pygmy rabbit, sage grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, ptarmigan	Closed Statewide			

HUNTING WITH AN AUTHORIZATION NUMBER

Under the new automated licensing system, licenses may be purchased over the telephone at 1-866--246-9453 or via the Internet at www.fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov. At the conclusion of a telephone or Internet sale, an authorization number will be issued. **That authorization number may be used as your license if you are hunting for animals not requiring a transport tag.**

Big Game Licenses - Forest grouse and unclassified wildlife such as: coyote, opossum, nutria, porcupine, skunk, and yellow-bellied marmot are the only species that may be hunted with a big game authorization number until your appropriate tags and license have arrived.

Small Game Licenses - All animals hunted with a small game license including unclassified wildlife may be hunted with a small game authorization number except wild turkey and western Washington pheasant until the valid license and tags have been received in the mail.

Migratory Bird Validation - All migratory birds may be hunted with a small game authorization number that includes a migratory bird validation until the valid license is received in the mail. A federal migratory bird stamp is required by hunters 16 years and older to hunt ducks and geese.

SPECIAL CLOSURES AND AREA RESTRICTIONS

In addition to these closures and area restrictions, game reserves (closed to all hunting and trapping) occur in many areas of the state. See pages 22-24 for descriptions of selected game reserves.

WAC 232-16-740 Columbia, Snake, and Yakima River Waterfowl, Coot, and Snipe Closures.

Section 1. Waters and land below the mean high water mark of Bachelor Island Slough of the Columbia River in Clark County. Bachelor Island Slough is further defined as those waters starting at the south end of the slough at its confluence with the Columbia River, running north along the eastern shore of Bachelor Island to the confluence with Lake River.

Section 2. Klickitat County - the Columbia River and those lands lying within one-quarter mile of the Columbia River upstream from the railroad bridge at Wishram to the grain elevator at Roosevelt.

Section 3. The Columbia River and those lands lying within one-quarter mile of the Columbia River between the mouth of Glade Creek (river channel marker 57) and the old town site of Patterson (river channel marker 67), except the hunting of game birds is permitted from the main shoreline of the Columbia River in this area.

Section 4. The Columbia River and those lands lying within one-quarter mile of the Columbia River between the old Hanford townsite (Wooden Tower) powerline crossing in Section 30, T13N, R28E, to Vernita Bridge (Highway 24).

Section 5. The Columbia River between the public boat launch at Sunland Estates (Wanapum Pool) and a point perpendicular in Kittitas County; upstream to the posted marker 200 yards north of Quilomene Bay and a point perpendicular in Grant County, including islands.

Section 6. The Snake River and those lands within one-quarter mile of the Snake River, between the U.S. Highway 12 bridge near Burbank, upstream to Lower Monumental Dam.

Section 7. The Yakima River and those lands lying within one-fourth mile of the Yakima River from the Sunnyside-Mabton Road bridge downstream to the Euclid Road bridge (4 miles).

Section 8. The Yakima River and those lands lying within one-fourth mile of the Yakima River from the Grant Avenue bridge (steel bridge) north of Prosser downstream 2-1/2 miles, to the powerline.

WAC 232-16-750 Belfair, Hood Canal Hunting Area Restriction It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, or snipe in Lynch Cove and the Union River except in designated blinds. The western and southern boundaries of this closure are posted with red steel markers. (This includes all of the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife and Thelar Wetlands lands.)

WAC 232-16-760 Northern Puget Sound Hunting Method Restriction It is unlawful to hunt waterfowl, coot, or snipe from a moving boat or any free-floating device that is not in a fixed position which is either anchored or secured to shore in Port Susan Bay, Skagit Bay, Padilla Bay, and Samish Bay.

WAC 232-16-770 Shotgun Shell Restriction Areas It is unlawful to have in possession more

than 15 shotgun shells or to fire (shoot) more than 15 shells in one day on the following areas:

Section 1. The farmed island segment of the Skagit Wildlife Area, between the south fork of the Skagit River and Fresh Water Slough in Skagit County.

Section 2. The Spencer Island Unit of the Snoqualmie Wildlife Area in Snohomish County.

Section 3. The Welts (West 90) Unit of the Skagit Wildlife Area in Skagit County.

WAC 232-16-810 Port Susan Bay Canada Goose Closure. It shall be unlawful to hunt Canada geese from November 1 through March 31 within the following boundary in Snohomish County: Beginning at the intersection of SR 532 and Marine Drive in Stanwood; then south along Marine Drive to Warm Beach Road; then west along Warm Beach Road to Port Susan Bay; then west to the Island/Snohomish County line; then north along the Island/Snohomish County line to SR 532; then east along SR 532 to the point of beginning. Hunting of coot, snipe, and waterfowl other than Canada geese is allowed in this area.

Voice of America Dungeness Recreation Area County Park closed to all hunting except Wednesdays, weekends, and holidays, from the first full weekend in October to the end of January.

REGULATIONS

FIREARM REGULATIONS

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO HUNT:

- Game birds with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells.
- Game birds or game animals in a manner other than with a firearm, a bow and arrow, or by falconry.
- Bullfrogs in a manner other than by angling, hand dip netting, giggering, or bow and arrow.
- Game birds or game animals with a shotgun larger than 10 gauge.
- Wildlife with a crossbow.
- Game birds with a rifle or pistol, except forest grouse. (See page 13 for restrictions)
- Wildlife with a fully automatic firearm.

HUNTING RESTRICTIONS

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO:

- Place waterfowl decoys prior to 4:00 a.m.; allow or permit waterfowl decoys to be unattended or not in your immediate control for a period greater than one hour; or fail to remove waterfowl decoys within two hours after the close of established daily hunting hours on days open to waterfowl hunting on lands or waters controlled by WDFW.
- Place waterfowl decoys on lands or waters controlled by WDFW except as authorized by permit of the director, on days closed to waterfowl hunting on lands or waters controlled by WDFW.
- Hunt waterfowl or wild turkeys using live birds as decoys.
- Hunt waterfowl with the use or aid of battery-powered or other electronic devices as decoys.
- Hunt game birds over bait or baited areas, or areas posted as upland bird feeding sites. A

baited area is where corn, wheat, or other grain or feed have been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed, or scattered to attract game birds for hunting. This does not prohibit the hunting of game birds on or over standing crops flooded croplands, or grain crops properly harvested on the field where grown, or grains scattered as the result of normal agricultural planting or harvesting. Areas are considered baited for ten days following the complete removal of all grain or other feed.

-Destroy or possess the nests or eggs of game birds or protected wildlife.

-Allow game animals or game birds you have taken to recklessly or intentionally be wasted.

-Hunt wildlife from a vehicle (except authorized disabled hunters) or from a boat propelled by a motor, unless the boat's motor is shut off and progress due to the motor has stopped.

-Use a vehicle (including ATVs), aircraft, or boat to pursue, concentrate or harass wild animals or wild birds.

-Possess wildlife taken by another person unless you have in possession a written statement showing name, address, license and/or tag number, date, county and area it was taken in, and the signature of the hunter who killed it.

-Possess in the field or transport game birds unless a feathered head is left attached to each carcass, except falconry-caught birds.

-Avoid or fail to stop and report at a WDFW established check station, and produce hunting equipment, wildlife in your possession, and licenses, permits, tags, or stamps required.

EASTERN, WESTERN WASHINGTON DEFINED

EASTERN Washington includes all areas lying east of the Pacific Crest Trail and east of the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat and Skamania Counties, while **WESTERN** Washington refers to all areas west of the Pacific Crest Trail and west of (and including) the Big White Salmon River in Klickitat and Skamania Counties.

PROPERTY LAWS

Hunters are welcome on most state-owned lands, although some lands leased to private owners may be posted closed to protect livestock, equipment, or crops. Courtesy shown while hunting and respect for property rights will prevent the closing of more of these lands to hunting. It is unlawful to:

- Remove, possess, or damage printed material or signs placed by authority of the Fish and Wildlife Commission.
- Place or leave litter on any land, either public or private, which is not your own.
- Post signs against trespass or otherwise prevent hunting on lands not owned or leased by that person.
- Operate a motor vehicle on lands owned, controlled, or managed by the WDFW, except as authorized. (Off-road travel on Department lands is usually prohibited.)
- Take a wild animal from another person's trap without permission or to damage or destroy a trap, except a trap may be removed by the property owner.
- Hunt or trap on state park lands.

SAFETY VIOLATIONS

It is unlawful to:

- Carry, transport, convey, possess, or control in or on any motor vehicle, a rifle or shotgun

containing shells or cartridges in either the chamber or magazine, or a muzzleloading firearm that is loaded and capped or primed.

- Shoot a firearm from, across, or along the maintained part of any public highway.
- Hunt while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- Shoot at wild animals or wild birds while they are on any utility line, pole, its crossarm, or insulator.
- Hunt upland birds with a modern firearm unless you are wearing hunter orange.

LICENSE AND TAG VIOLATIONS

It is unlawful to:

- Buy, possess, or attempt to obtain any license, tag, or permit by using false information, or to buy, possess or attempt to obtain a license, tag, or permit when such license privilege has been revoked.
- Purchase or possess more than one of each license, tag, permit, or stamp during the same year, unless it is a legally obtained duplicate or authorized by the Fish and Wildlife Commission.
- Transfer, loan to, or borrow from another person any license, tag, permit, or stamp.
- Refuse to show a license, tag, or permit, or to refuse to display wildlife taken when asked to do so by a fish and wildlife officer or other law officer.
- Purchase a hunting license for the first time if you were born after Jan. 1, 1972, unless you have successfully completed Hunter Education training. A Washington hunting license from the preceding year is considered legal proof of successful completion if a previous year license has the hunter ed certificate number or previous year license number entered.

USE OF DEPARTMENT OF FISH

AND WILDLIFE LANDS

It is unlawful to use WDFW-owned or controlled lands or waters in a manner or for a purpose contrary to signs or notices posted on those lands or to refuse or neglect to obey directions by a fish and wildlife officer regarding use of such property. It is unlawful to use Department-owned or controlled lands or waters for a commercial purpose without a permit issued by the Director of WDFW.

IMPORT AND RETENTION OF DEAD WILDLIFE

It is unlawful to possess or import into Washington wildlife taken in another state or country, unless the wildlife was acquired lawfully. Proof of legal acquisition must be retained during the period of retention of the edible parts.

AGE REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS

Anyone, regardless of age, must have in their possession a valid hunting license and any required tags, permits, or stamps to hunt wildlife.

MOUNT ST. HELENS

Game Management Unit 522 (Loo-wit) is designated as a "CLOSED AREA" to the hunting of all wild animals and wild birds. In addition, U.S. Forest Service maintains a firearm restriction on portions of the Mt. St. Helens National Monument.

For more complete information on regulations affecting wildlife, hunting and firearm safety, see the 2001 Big Game Hunting Seasons and Rules pamphlet, available from license dealers throughout the state.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL RULES

In addition to a small game hunting license and state migratory bird validation, all waterfowl hunters 16 years of age and older must carry on their person a valid Federal Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp (Duck Stamp), signed in ink across the face. The stamp is not required for hunters under 16, or for dove, coot, or snipe hunters.

Baiting: It is unlawful to hunt migratory birds by the aid of baiting or on or over a baited area where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited. A baited area is considered to be baited for 10 days after complete removal of any bait. Baiting includes placing, exposing, depositing, distributing, or scattering of salt, grain, or other feed that could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Agricultural areas must be prepared in accordance with official recommendations to be legally hunted. It is a separate offense to place or direct placement of bait on or adjacent to an area that causes, induces, or allows another to hunt by the aid of bait or over a baited area. Hunters are responsible for ensuring that an area has not been baited and should verify its legality prior to hunting. The maximum federal penalties are: \$15,000/6 months jail for hunting over bait, and \$100,000/1 year jail for placing bait.

Possession of Live Birds: Every migratory game bird wounded and reduced to possession by the hunter must be immediately killed and become a part of the daily bag limit.

Recorded Bird Calls: You cannot take migratory game birds using records or tapes of migratory bird calls, sounds, or electronically amplified imitations of bird calls.

Shipping: You cannot transport, by the Postal Service or a common carrier, migratory game birds,

unless the package or container in which such birds are transported has the name and address of the shipper and the consignee and an accurate statement of the number of each species of birds contained clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside.

REFERENCE: Federal regulations related to migratory game birds are located in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20.

UMATILLA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Designated areas are open to upland game and waterfowl hunting during the waterfowl hunting season. Hunters may not enter or be on refuge land between 1 1/2 hours after sunset and 5 a.m. The *Paterson and Whitcom/Crow* Units are open to hunting only on Wednesdays, Saturdays, Sundays, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day. The *Ridge* Unit is open to hunting 7 days/week. Hunting from boats is prohibited at *Ridge* Unit and adjacent waters. Additional regulations are listed in the Umatilla NWR General and Hunting leaflets; available through Mid-Columbia NWR, P.O. Box 2527, Pasco, WA 99302, (509) 545-8588.

TOPPENISH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Designated areas of the refuge are open to migratory and upland game bird hunting during the waterfowl season according to the following conditions: The *Halvorson* and *Webb* Units are open Wednesdays, Saturdays, Sundays, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day; The *Robbins Road* Unit is open Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, Sundays, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year's Day; *Pumphouse*, *Isiri*, *Petty*, and *Chambers* Units are open seven days/week. Waterfowl hunting on the *Robbins Rd.* and

Pumphouse Units is by assigned blind only. Hunters may not enter or be on refuge land between 1 1/2 hours after sunset and 5 a.m. For refuge leaflets containing more complete regulations, write: Mid-Columbia River NWR Complex, P.O. Box 2527, Pasco, WA 99302, (509) 545-8588.

MCNARY NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Strawberry Island Division (Snake River) is closed to all hunting. Portions of *McNary Division* are open for geese, ducks, coots, snipe, and pheasant 3 days per week (Saturdays, Sundays, Wednesdays), Thanksgiving Day, and New Year's Day. Slough blinds for ducks and pit blinds for geese are available on a reservation and standby basis. Waterfowl hunters must have daily permits and are required to check in and out. Hunt blind selection is made each hunt day 1 1/2 hours before legal shooting time when daily permit is issued. Pheasant hunting is allowed from noon until the end of shooting hours 3 days per week (Saturdays, Sundays, Wednesdays), Thanksgiving Day, and New Year's Day. Entry is prohibited between 1 1/2 hours after sunset and 5 a.m. All hunters are required to park in designated parking areas. Dove, waterfowl, and upland game hunting is allowed on the *Two Rivers*, and *Wallula Units* seven days a week during State seasons under the following special conditions: a) only non-toxic shot may be used or possessed, b) the Walla Walla Delta is closed to all hunting from February 1st through September 30th. Hunting is allowed on the *Peninsula Unit* during State seasons under the following special conditions: a) dove hunting is allowed seven days a week; b) waterfowl hunting is permitted Wednesdays through Sundays; c) on **Wednesdays, hunting is allowed from the goose pit blinds only**; d) hunting on the east side of the peninsula and in the goose pits is by assigned blinds on a first-come first-serve basis; e) the west side of the peninsula is a free roam area; f) upland hunting is not allowed until noon on legal goose hunt days; g) on Mondays and Tuesdays the Unit is closed to all entry. Additional information on refuge regulations and applications for advance reservations waterfowl hunting can be obtained from: Mid-Columbia River NWR Complex, P.O. Box 2527, Pasco, WA 99302, (509) 545-8588.

The North American Waterfowl Management Plan is rebuilding North American waterfowl populations through habitat acquisitions and developments in the United States and Canada. The Washing-



ton Department of Fish and Wildlife is an active participant in the plan, contributing to its goals via the Pacific Coast and Intermountain West Joint Ventures.

COLUMBIA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Designated areas are open to upland game and waterfowl hunting during the regular (beginning in October and ending in January) waterfowl season. Hunters may be on refuge land (except Soda Lake Campground) from one hour before legal sunrise until one hour after legal sunset. In GMU 278 (Wahluke) possession of lead shot is prohibited when hunting game birds.

The Marsh Unit 1 area is open to waterfowl and upland hunting only on Wednesdays, Saturdays, Sundays, federal holidays, and state youth waterfowl hunting season. There are no designated blind sites but hunters are required to space themselves at least 200 yards apart. No upland game hunting is allowed before 12:00 noon.

Waterfowl hunting for ducks and geese on Farm Unit 226-227 is from designated blind (pit) sites by permit only on Wednesdays, Saturdays, Sundays, and federal holidays beginning the second weekend of October. All field hunting is confined to numbered blinds (pits). Hunters are required to apply at least two weeks in advance of the desired hunt date(s). A non-refundable \$1.00 fee is required for each date application. Upland game hunting is not permitted. To promote sportsmanship, the use of decoys and camouflage is encouraged whereas "skybusting" is discouraged. Additional regulations are listed in the Columbia NWR General and Hunting leaflets, a available through Columbia NWR, 735 E. Main

St., P.O. Drawer "F", Othello, WA 99344, (509) 488-2668.

JULIA BUTLER HANSEN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Designated areas of the Refuge are open to goose, duck, coot, and snip hunting in accordance with state migratory waterfowl and upland game season regulations and the following regulations:

Hunting Island

The Refuge-owned portion of Hunting Island is open to hunting of geese, ducks, coot, and snipe. Temporary blinds may be constructed along the shoreline of the island, but they must be made available for public use on a first-come, first-serve basis. Hunters shall possess and use only nontoxic shot.

All other areas of the Refuge, except Hunting Island, are closed to hunting. Additional information is available from the Julia Butler Hansen Refuge Office at P.O. Box 566 Cathlamet, WA 98612, (360) 795-3915

WILLAPA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Designated areas of the Refuge are open to goose, duck, coot, and snipe hunting in accordance with state migratory waterfowl and upland game season regulations and the following regulations:

All Refuge Areas

Migratory waterfowl and upland game hunters

Riekkola Unit

Goose hunting from established blinds is open from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Wednesdays and Saturdays. Prior to entering the hunt area, hunters are required to obtain a permit, pay a recreation user fee, and obtain a blind assignment. Hunters may take ducks and coots only coincidental to hunting geese. Exclusive hunting of ducks is not permitted. Hunters shall possess and use, while in the field, no more than 25 shells per day. One blind is accessible to disabled persons.

Lewis Unit

Hunting of geese, ducks, and coots is permitted in Lewis Unit.

Long Island

Archery hunting of blue and ruffed grouse is permitted on Long Island. Hunters must obtain and carry a Refuge permit and report game taken, as specified with the permit. Firearms, motorized vehicles, power equipment (e.g. chainsaws and generators) and dogs are not permitted on Long Island at any time. Additional information is available from Willapa National Wildlife Refuge, 3888 SR 101, Ilwaco, WA 98624, (360) 484-3482.

PARTIAL LISTING OF CURRENT GAME RESERVES

WAC 232-16-050 Byron Game Reserve. That part of the Byron Ponds segment of the Sunnyside Game Range (department of game lands) east of the Mabton Pressure Pipeline, legally described as that part of the W. 1/2 of Section 12 that is north of U.S. Highway No. 410 and the SW1/4 of the NE1/4 and the N. 1/2 of the NW1/4 of the SE1/4 of Section 12; and that part of Section 11 east of the Mabton pressure pipeline and north of U.S. Highway No. 410; that part of Section 2 that is east of said pipeline; all of the above sections being in Twp. 8N., R.23E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-070 Arthur S. Coffin Game Reserve. Beginning at the point where the Brewton Road crosses the south line of Section 19, Twp. 20, N., R21E.W.M.; thence northwesterly along the Brewton Road to the Colockum Pass Road in Section 13, Twp. 20N., R.20E.; thence northerly on the Colockum Pass Road to its junction with the Naneum Lookout Road in Section 13, Twp. 20N., R.20E.; thence westerly along the Naneum Lookout Road to where it crosses the Bonneville Power Line right of way in Section 16, Twp. 20N., R.20E.; thence southwestly along the power line to the Colockum Wildlife Recreation Area boundary on the south line of Section 20, Twp. 20N., R.20E.; thence easterly along the south line of Sections 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, Twp. 20N., R.20E., and Section 19, Twp. 20N., R21E.W.M. to the Brewton Road and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-140 Banks Lake Game Reserve. In Township 25N, Range 28E, those parts of Sections 9, 10, and 11 and the north 1/2 of sections 14, 15, and 16, lying between State Highway 155 and the west wall of Grand Coulee.

WAC 232-16-200 Grimes Lake Game Reserve. Grimes Lake and all lands within one-quarter mile of Grimes Lake.

WAC 232-16-270 Moxee Game Reserve. Beginning at the S1/4 of Section 34 Twp. 13N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence southwestly along county road to a point on the west line of Section 3, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; which said point is approximately 1,000 feet south of the NW corner of Section 3; thence south along county road which said road is along the west line of sections 3 and 10 of said township and range to the NE corner of SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 9, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence west to the NW corner of the SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 9, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence south to the SE corner of the NW1/4 of the SE 1/4 of Section 9, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence west to the SE corner of the NE1/4 of the SW1/4 of Section 9, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence north to the NE corner of SE 1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 9, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence west to the Yakima River; thence northerly along said Yakima River to a

point where said Yakima River crosses the section line between sections 4 and 5 Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; said section line being the west line of section 4 and the east line of section 5 of said township and range; thence north on said section line to the NW corner of the SW1/4 of the SW1/4 of Section 4, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence east to the NE corner of the SW1/4 of the SW1/4 of Section 4, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence north to the north line of Section 4, Twp. 12N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence east to the SW corner of SE1/4 of the SE1/4 Section 33, Twp. 13N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence north to NW corner of NE1/4 of the SE1/4 Section 33, Twp. 13N. Range 19E.W.M.; thence east to the NE corner of SW1/4 of the SW1/4 of section 34, Twp. 13N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence south to the SE corner of the SW1/4 of the SW 1/4 of Section 34 Twp. 13N., Range 19E.W.M.; thence east to the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-295 Rock Lake Game Reserve. Whitman County: It shall be unlawful to hunt, take or pursue migratory waterfowl, coot and jacksnipe on or within 1/4 mile of Rock Lake, Whitman County, except on the lower one mile and the upper one-half mile, which shall be open to such hunting.

WAC 232-16-340 Skagit Delta Game Reserve. Beginning at a point on the west bank of Albert Slough at the confluence of said slough and Boom Slough; thence southwestly along the west bank of Boom Slough to the confluence of said slough and Boom-Crooked Cutoff Slough; thence westerly along the north bank of Boom-Crooked Cutoff Slough to the confluence of said slough and Crooked Slough; thence southwestly along the north bank of Crooked Slough to the confluence of said slough and Deepwater Slough and east Branch Freshwater-Deepwater Cutoff Slough; thence northwesterly along the north bank of east Branch Freshwater-Deepwater Cutoff Slough to the confluence of said slough and the east Branch Freshwater Slough; thence northerly along the east bank of east Branch Freshwater Slough to the confluence of said slough and Gilbert Hansen Slough; thence northeasterly along the south bank of Gilbert Hansen Slough to the confluence of said slough and Deepwater Slough; thence northeasterly along the south bank of Deepwater Slough to the confluence of said slough and Albert Slough; thence southeasterly along the west bank of Albert Slough to the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-380 Sprague Lake Game Reserve. Beginning at the point where the easterly right of way line of Interstate Highway No. 90 crosses the Lincoln-Adams County line; [then] southwestly along the easterly right of way line of the freeway to the easterly boundary of Section 11 (T20N, R37E); thence southerly

along the section line to Cow Creek; thence southerly along Cow Creek to Danekas Road; thence easterly and northerly along [Danekas Road] to the point where it crosses the Adams-Lincoln County line; thence westerly along said county line across Sprague Lake to the easterly right of way line of the freeway and point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-400 Stratford Game Reserve. Stratford Game Reserve shall include the following described lands in Grant County: In Twp. 22N, R 28 EWM; Sec. 1 north of the Great Northern Railroad right of way; Sec. 2 north of the Great Northern Railroad right of way and State Highway No. 28; and that part of Section 3 lying north of the main canal and east of a line running north and south located 100 yards west of the Washington water power transmission line[.] In Twp. 23N, R. 28 EWM; all of Sections 11, 13, 14[,] 24, and 25[.] the south half of Sections 12, 10 and 9 except the north 300 feet of the S. 1/2 of 9 and 10; Section 35 except that part east of north-south lying gravel road and south of cultivated lands; Sec. 36 except the east 500 feet; and those parts of Section 15, lying east of a line running north and south located 100 yards west of the Washington water power transmission line and also those portions of the north half of Sections 15 and 16 lying north of the cultivated lands; and in addition the north 500 feet of the NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 19, Twp. 23N, R. 29 EWM.

WAC 232-16-420 Lake Terrell Game Reserve. All of Lake Terrell in Sections 15 and 16, Twp. 39 north, Range 1 east except that portion of the lake within 350 feet of the south line of said sections and, in addition, those uplands owned by the fish and wildlife department in the W1/2 of the SW1/4 of said Section 15, and in the SE 1/4 of NE 1/4; the NW1/4 of NE1/4; the E1/2 of E1/2 of NE1/4 NE1/4; and the E1/2 of the SW1/4 SW1/4 except the south 350 feet in Section 16, Twp. 39 north, Range 1 east.

WAC 232-16-440 (1)Toppenish Creek Game Reserve, (Cort Meyer.) Commencing at the NE corner of the SE1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 26, Township 10, Range 20E.W.M.; thence west one and three-quarters mile to the NW corner of the SE1/4 of the NE1/4 of Section 28, Township 10, Range 20; thence south one-quarter mile; thence east one-quarter mile; thence south three-quarters mile to the SW corner of the NW1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 34; thence east three-quarters mile; thence south one-quarter mile; thence east three-quarters mile to center of Section 35; thence north one and one-quarter miles to place of beginning. All in Township 10 north, Range 20E.W.M.

(2) Toppenish Creek Game Reserve No. 2, (Upper Toppenish Creek) Yakima County. All of Section 21; the west half of the northwest

quarter of Section 22; the west half of the southwest quarter of Section 22; the southeast quarter of southwest quarter of Section 22; the south half of the northeast quarter of southwest quarter of Section 22; the north half of north half of Section 28; north half of northwest quarter of Section 27; north half of the southeast quarter of northwest quarter of Section 27; all being in Township 10 north, Range 18E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-450 Walla Walla River Game Reserve. A tract of land and water lying within sections 23, 24, 25, and 26 of Township 7, Range 31 E.W.M. in Walla Walla County, Washington, being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point where the Bonneville Power Administration power line between John Day and Lower Monumental Dams crosses the center of the main channel of the Walla Walla River, thence westerly along said center of the main channel to the easterly line of the right of way of US #12-395 Highway, thence northerly along said east line of said right of way to the southerly line of the right of way of the Union Pacific Railroad-Burlington Northern Railway joint Pendleton-Walla Walla track, thence easterly along said south line of said right of way to the center line of said Bonneville Power Administration power line, thence southerly along said center line to the center of the main channel of the Walla Walla River and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-540 Yakima River Game Reserve. Beginning in Prosser at the intersection of Tenth Street and Grant Avenue; then west to the Yakima River and Prosser Dam; then west across Prosser Dam and the Yakima River to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Maintenance Road; then north to Old Inland Empire Highway; then northeasterly on Old Inland Empire Highway to Interstate I-82; then east on the south side of I-82 to the Chandler Canal; then east along the north side of the Chandler Canal to the powerline going across the Yakima River (approximately .4 Miles east of Bunn Road); then south along the powerlines and across the Yakima River to Wine Country Road; then west on Wine Country Road to Tenth Street and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-560 Badger Island Game Reserve. That portion of area on or within one-quarter mile of Badger Island lying in Sections 4 and 9, Township 7 north, Range 31E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-570 Foundation Island Game Reserve. That portion of area on or within one-quarter mile of Foundation Island lying in Section 24, Township 8 north, Range 30E.W.M.

WAC 232-16-590 Carnation Farms Game Reserve. Twp. 25N., Rge. 7E.W.M.; that part of Section 5 lying west of the Snoqualmie River; the northeast quarter and that portion of the southeast quarter of Section 6 that lies north and east of the Carnation Farm Road; the north half and the north half of the south half of Section 8; and those portions of government lots 1, 2, and 4 of Section 9 that lie south and west of the Snoqualmie River. Twp. 26N., Rge. 7E.W.M.; those lands lying south of the Snoqualmie River in the east half of Section 31 and the southeast quarter of Section 32.

WAC 232-16-600 North Potholes Game Reserve. Those lands in Grant County within the following described boundary: In T19N, R27 EWM; the N.E. 1/4 of Section 32, and the N.E. 1/4 S.E. 1/4 of Section 32, all of Section 33, except the S.W. 1/4 S.W. 1/4, and all of Section 34. In T18N, R27 EWM; all of Section 4, except the N.W. 1/4 and the N.W. 1/4 N.E. 1/4, all of Section 3 and 10, and that part of Section 9 east of the fenceline, beginning at the N.W. corner of Section 9, and then following said fenceline southeasterly to the northern section line of Section 16 near Dike Road. The east half of the N.E. 1/4 of Section 16. And that part of Section 15 lying north of a line starting from the northeast corner and running southwesterly to the midpoint of the west section line of said section.

WAC 232-16-620 Lake Tennant Game Reserve. That portion of Tennant Lake in T 39N,

R 2E, Section 29, and that portion north of an east to west line which lies 800 feet south of and parallel to the north line of Section 32 in the N1/2 NE1/4 in T 39N, R 2E.

WAC 232-16-640 Winchester Wasteway Game Reserve. T18N, R25E, Section 12, T18N, R26E and south 1/2 Section 7. 960 acres.

WAC 232-16-660 Frenchmen Hills Wasteway Game Reserve. T17N, R27E, north 1/2 of north 1/2 of south 1/2 of Section 17. 640 acres.

WAC 232-16-690 Bayview Game Reserve. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild animals and wild birds within the following described boundary November 16 through March 31, and it shall be unlawful to hunt brant at any time within the following described boundary: Beginning at a point on the Bayview-Edison Road 240 feet north of the intersection of the Bayview Cemetery entrance road; thence 4,000 feet WNW (west-northwest); thence 5,750 feet NNW (north-northwest); thence 3,750 feet ENE (east-northeast) to the northwest corner of Padilla Bay tract no. 532; thence east to the northeast corner of Padilla Bay tract no. 532; thence SSE (south-southeast) to the Bayview-Edison Road; thence southerly along said road to the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-700 Swinomish Spit Game Reserve. It shall be unlawful to hunt wild animals and wild birds within the following described boundary November 15 through March 31, and it shall be unlawful to hunt brant at any time within the following described boundary: Beginning at the Burlington Northern railroad tracks on the west shoreline of the Swinomish Channel; thence in a northwesterly direction along the west side of the Swinomish Channel to the red channel mark buoy N "20" (as indicated on Navigation Map #18427, 13th Ed., July 16, 1983); thence 6,000 feet ENE (east-northeast); thence 3,300 feet SSE (south-southeast); thence 4,200 feet SW (southwest) to

the dike at the south end of Padilla Bay; thence continue westerly along said dike to the intersection of the Burlington Northern railroad tracks and the east shoreline of the Swinomish Channel; thence continue along said railroad tracks (across swing bridge) to the west shoreline of the Swinomish Channel and the point of beginning (Public/private land).

WAC 232-16-720 Duck Lake (Cormana Lake) Game Reserve. Section 19, T23N, R35E.

WAC 232-16-730 Coffeepot Lake Game Reserve. In Lincoln County, all portions of Coffeepot Lake and those lands within one-quarter mile of Coffeepot Lake, within the following boundary: T. 23 N., R. 34 E., Section 8, S 1/2; Section 18, north of the centerline of Coffeepot Lake and Lake Creek; and Section 9, NW 1/4; except those portions described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 9; N 85°29' E a distance of 1,979.01 feet to the true point of beginning, being the northwest property corner; thence S 14°50' W a distance of 462.39 feet; thence S 05°45' E a distance of 240.35 feet; thence S 64°31' E a distance of 129.31 feet; thence N 72°39' E a distance of 234.96; thence N 87°16' E a distance of 375.86 feet; thence N 32°03' E a distance of 83.27 feet; thence N 63°45' E a distance of 99.49 feet; thence N 33°31' E a distance of 131.75 feet; thence N 15°38' E a distance of 340.15 feet; thence N 83°41' W a distance of 925.64 feet, returning to the northwest property corner which is the true point of beginning. Also, that

portion of Lincoln County described in instrument dated January 29, 1980, recorded February 1, 1980, under Auditor's file No. 354421.

WAC 232-16-780 Fir Island Farm Game Reserve. In Skagit County beginning at the intersection of Fir Island Road and the east bank of Brown's Slough; then east along Fir Island Road (96 feet) to the Brown's Slough dike; then southerly and easterly along the Brown's Slough dike to the Fir Island Farm access road; then north along the Fir Island Farm access road to Fir Island Road; then east along Fir Island Road to the northeast corner of Section 22 (T33N, R3E); then south along the east line of Section 22 (T33N, R3E) to Dry Slough; then westerly and south along the west bank of Dry Slough to the intersection with Dike District #22 dike; then westerly along the south side (Skagit Bay side) of the Dike District #22 dike to the intersection of the Dike District #22 dike and the south line of Government Lot #5 (Section 22, T33N, R3E), then west approximately 1900 feet to the east bank of Brown's Slough, then north along the east bank of Brown's Slough to the intersection with the Fir Island Road and the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-790 Hayton Game Reserve. Beginning at the intersection of the west bank of Dry Slough and the Dike District #22 Skagit Bay dike, then east approximately 1330 feet along the south side of the District #22 dike to the intersection of the District #22 dike and the west bank of McDonald's Slough, then north along the

west bank of McDonald's Slough to the point where the adjacent farmed field boundary extends west, then west along the north edge of the farmed field boundary to the point where the farmed field boundary intersects Dry Slough, then across Dry Slough to the west bank of Dry Slough, then south along the west bank of Dry Slough to the point of beginning.

WAC 232-16-800 Johnson/Debay's Slough Game Reserve. In Skagit County, beginning at the intersection of Francis Road and Debay's Slough Road; then south and west along Francis Road (3090 feet) to white corner marker; then north (1265 feet) to the middle of Debay's Slough (white corner marker); then westerly (2087 feet) along the channel of Debay's Slough to the western tip of the farmed portion of Debay's Island; then northerly (1485 feet) to the south bank of the Skagit River (white corner marker); then easterly (1600 feet) along the south bank of the Skagit River to fence line (white corner marker); then south along fence line (855 feet) to corner post; then east along fence line (435 feet) to fence intersection; then south (300 feet) along fence line to existing tree line (white corner marker); then continue south (835 feet) to south shoreline of Debay's Slough (white corner marker); then easterly and southerly along the west shoreline of Debay's Slough (1770 feet) to the south side of Debay's Slough Road (white corner marker); then east along the south side of Debay's Slough Road to the intersection of Francis Road and the point of beginning.

DISABLED HUNTERS

The Citizen Task Force for the Disabled (advisory to WDFW) has been working cooperatively with the WDFW and various organizations and clubs since 1992 to install barrier-free wildlife viewing/hunting blinds in each WDFW region of the state.

A pocket map called "Regional Maps of Accessible Wildlife Recreation, Waterfowl Viewing and Hunting Blinds" is available from all WDFW regional offices. Also available at regional offices and on the Internet is a pamphlet titled "Accessible Hunting and Wildlife Viewing Opportunities" which includes more information about duck blinds, goose pits, big game hunting, and ATV access hunting areas around the state. For other information about hunting opportunities for persons with disabilities, call the WDFW at (360) 902-2200.

WASHINGTON STATE MIGRATORY BIRD STAMP AND ARTWORK PROGRAMS

You can invest in the future of Washington's diverse migratory bird and wetland habitat resources. Your purchase of one or more Washington State Migratory Bird Stamps or Migratory Bird Stamp artwork products represents not only a sound personal financial investment for you, but also an investment in Washington's wetlands, waterfowl, and other migratory bird resources.

Wetlands throughout Washington sustain not only our breeding population, but birds that breed in Alaska, western Canada, and even Russia. Over 35 species and subspecies of ducks, geese, and swans depend on Washington wetlands, which include coastal estuaries, beaver ponds, desert potholes, sloughs and lakes. Other migratory game birds benefitting from the program include mourning doves, band-tailed pigeons, and snipe.

Revenue from the sale of migratory bird validations and stamps to hunters and collectors is used to buy and develop migratory bird habitat in the state and to enhance, protect, and produce migratory birds in the state. Second, revenue from the sale of artwork (limited edition prints, posters, pins, etc.) is used to contract with individuals or nonprofit organizations to develop waterfowl production projects in Washington.

The stamp and artwork program has been responsible for several significant improvements in the quality and quantity of habitat in Washington by:

- acquiring migratory bird habitat jeopardized by loss or degradation
- enhancing WDFW Wildlife Area migratory bird habitat
- enhancement of migratory bird habitat on private lands

Examples of many projects completed over the past 10 years include:

- acquiring a 400-acre wetland in the Snohomish River Delta near Everett
- excavating 75 acres on the Columbia Basin Wildlife Area for breeding waterfowl
- contracting with farmers in the Skagit Valley to leave standing barley for forage and to provide recreational access

The Department has also used revenues from stamps and artwork to fund cooperative habitat projects with Ducks Unlimited, Washington Waterfowl Association, Inc., Audubon Society, and many local sports groups. Funding is available for projects to benefit waterfowl production (contact (360) 902-2522). Development of projects to benefit other migratory birds is underway (e.g. dove projects).

Stamps are a double investment—investing in waterfowl habitat and also in collectible stamps which appreciate significantly in value over the years. Past duck stamps have appreciated from 65 to 175 percent. Even if you purchase a stamp for hunting or your limited-edition print, buying additional stamps is a good investment—both for you and for Washington waterfowl and wetlands. Stamps are available in 30-stamp plate blocks, "mini-sheets", or in a variety of block configurations. You can buy current-year stamps through license dealers or order directly from WDFW at 360-902-2464.

Prints, typically matted and framed with a mint stamp, gold medallion, and/or unique etching or remarque, make attractive investments and can be ordered through your local art gallery or Steiner Prints at (800) 225-3971.

UPLAND WILDLIFE RESTORATION PROGRAM

The Upland Wildlife Restoration Program was developed to restore important upland habitats and Wildlife that utilize those habitats. To meet these goals, WDFW: 1) acquires and restores habitat, 2) provides incentives for habitat enhancement and public access on private lands, 3) works cooperatively with federal and state agencies with compatible goals, and 4) provides information and technical assistance to improve public education.

Several programs and funding sources were combined to create the Upland Wildlife Restoration Program in 1991. Since 1991, critical habitat has been purchased for sharp-tailed grouse, pygmy rabbits, pheasants, and other farmland wildlife. Several important upland habitat parcels have also been acquired through the Snake River Mitigation Program. All of these sites are currently being restored and enhanced by Department staff.

In addition to acquired sites, the Upland Wildlife

Restoration Program has over 1,300 private landowners and 4 million acres in the habitat development and public access program.

Benefits from the Upland Wildlife Restoration Program help perpetuate Washington's upland wildlife, restore and enhance upland habitats, increase recreational opportunities, and increase public support for wildlife. For additional information, please contact the Upland Wildlife Restoration Program at WDFW offices.



ADVANCED HUNTER EDUCATION PROGRAM AVAILABLE

The AHE program is a voluntary training program designed to improve landowner-hunter relations, increase hunter knowledge, and expand hunting opportunity and hunter access to private lands.

The AHE program combines home study, shooting proficiency, project work, classroom training, and formal testing to help individual hunters improve their knowledge and skills. The program is open to all interested hunters who are

willing to roll up their shirt sleeves and devote their time to each of these areas. Individuals who successfully complete the program and pass the examination will be issued a certification card and are then eligible for AHE hunts.

For more information on the AHE program, please contact the Hunter Education Program staff in the Olympia office at (360) 902-8111.

THANKS TO OUR CONSERVATION PARTNERS

Washington State harbors a diversity of wildlife species and Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) is dedicated to sound stewardship. Through effective management, the Department is able to provide recreational opportunity, while preserving, protecting, and perpetuating Washington's wildlife. However, the Department cannot take full credit for the effective and successful management of Washington's wildlife. In fact, the foundation for healthy wildlife populations begins with individual landowners and organizations acting as wildlife stewards. WDFW would like to acknowledge and thank these agencies, organizations, and individual landowners who have been instrumental in wildlife management and have worked cooperatively with us in seeking a common goal. Washington's wildlife has greatly benefitted from their hard work, financial support, and commitment.

- Ducks Unlimited, Inc.
- Washington Waterfowl Assoc.
- Pheasants Forever
- National Wild Turkey Federation
- The Nature Conservancy
- National Audubon Society
- Pacific Coast and Intermountain West Joint Ventures
- Inland Northwest Wildlife Council
- Vancouver Wildlife League
- Richland Rod and Gun Club
- Washington Game Bird Club
- Grant County Sportsmen's Assoc.
- Yakama and Colville Indian Nations
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- Bureau of Reclamation
- Bureau of Land Management
- Conservation Districts
- U.S. Army and Navy
- U.S. Forest Service
- And other wildlife conservation organizations in Washington.

YOUTH-MENTOR PHEASANT HUNTS

The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife is joining forces with Pheasants Forever and other hunting organizations to offer Youth - Mentor Pheasant Hunts. Often times it is difficult for kids to get into upland bird hunting because their parents or relatives don't hunt upland birds. This is an opportunity for any kids that are interested to have an adult with hunting dogs take them out and teach them how it's done. The hunt takes place during the special youth season on September 22 and 23.

To participate, hunters must be under 16 years old. Interested young hunters or their parents should contact WDFW's Wildlife Program in Olympia at (360) 902-2515. Young hunters will be matched with available mentors depending on which area of the state they would like to hunt.

WDFW would like to thank the following organizations for helping with this event and providing mentors:

Pheasants Forever
Olympic Chapter
Skagit Valley Chapter
South Puget Sound Chapter
Yakima Valley Chapter

U.S. Army (Fort Lewis)
Adventure Center
Inland Northwest Wildlife Council
Whidbey Island Naval Air Station
Vancouver Wildlife League

Any other organizations interested in providing mentors would be appreciated and should also contact the Wildlife Program at (360) 902-2515.



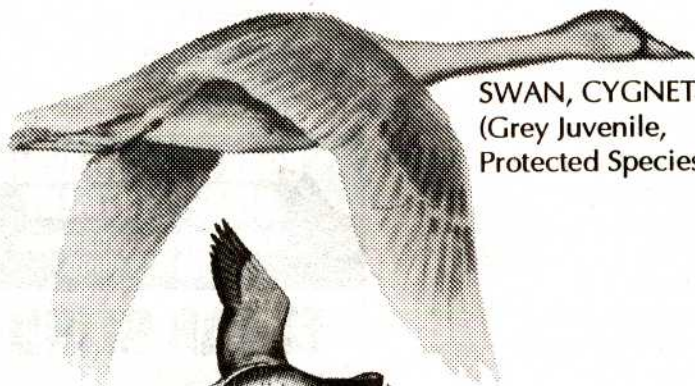
SWANS AND RAVENS ARE PROTECTED



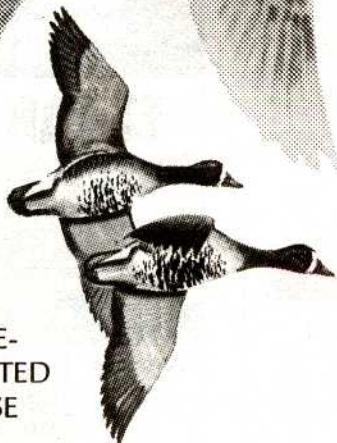
SWAN, TUNDRA
or TRUMPETER
(White Adult,
Protected Species)



SNOW
GOOSE



SWAN, CYGNET
(Grey Juvenile,
Protected Species)



WHITE-
FRONTED
GOOSE



CANADA
GOOSE

Ravens are protected by state and federal laws, and are often confused with crows.

- Crows are smaller than ravens and measure between 17 and 20 inches long, while ravens measure between 24 and 27 inches long.
- Ravens spend much time gliding when in flight, while crows seldom if ever glide and usually fly with a steady wing beat.
- Crows tails are blocky and more squared off while in flight, while ravens have a diamond-shaped tail (see drawing).
- Crows have a more nasal, higher pitched call, where a raven's call is lower, and hoarser.



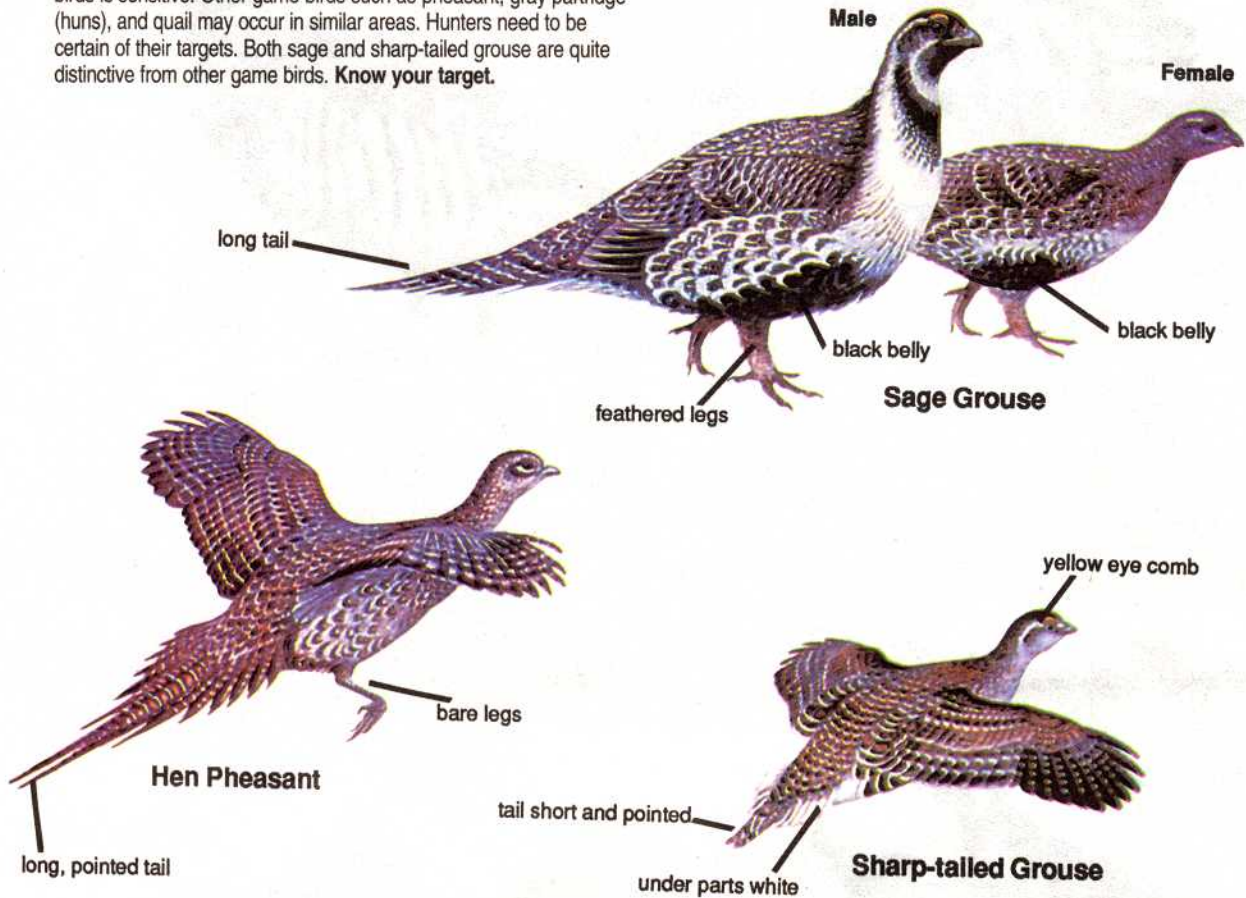
Raven's
Tail



Crow's
Tail

SHARP-TAILED AND SAGE GROUSE ARE PROTECTED

The hunting season is CLOSED for both of these game birds. Their sagebrush and grassland habitats in Washington have changed dramatically since the state was settled. The population status of these birds is sensitive. Other game birds such as pheasant, gray partridge (huns), and quail may occur in similar areas. Hunters need to be certain of their targets. Both sage and sharp-tailed grouse are quite distinctive from other game birds. **Know your target.**

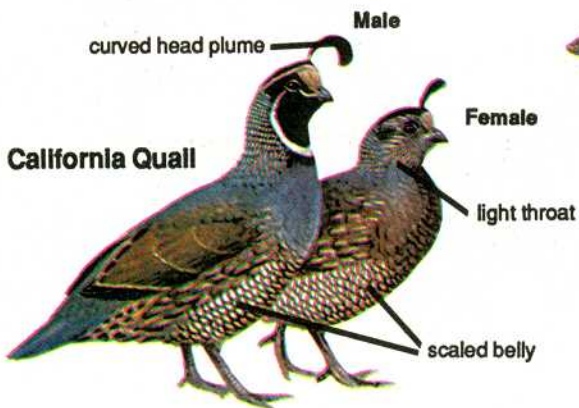
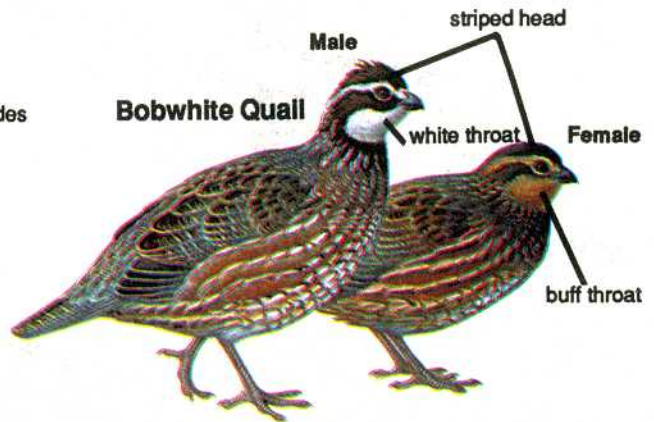
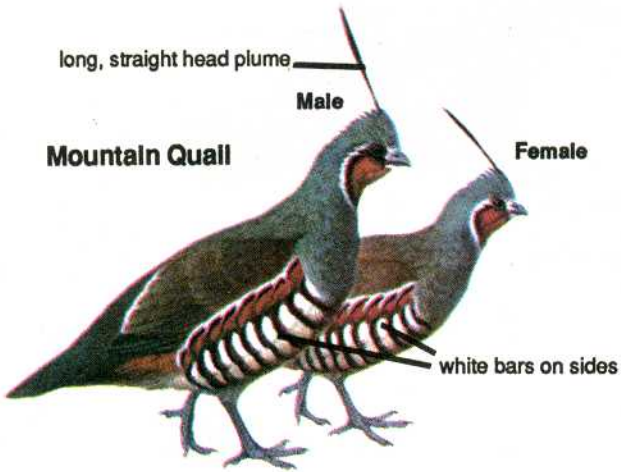
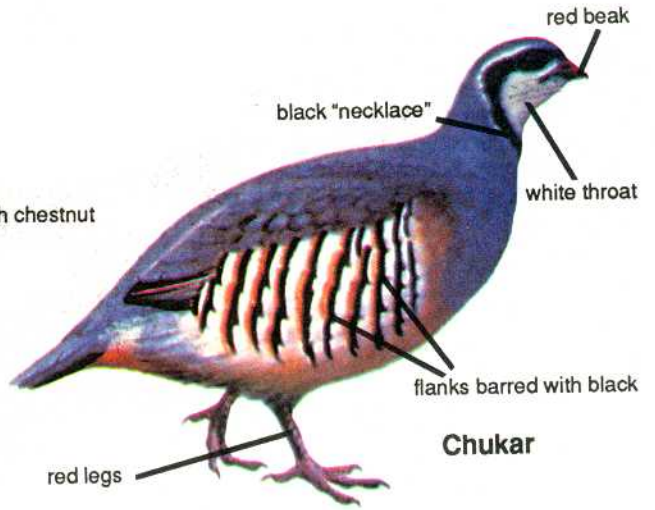
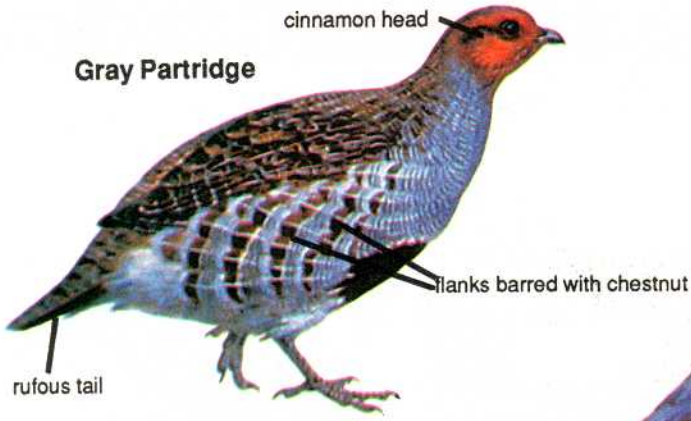


RING-NECKED PHEASANT PRIMARY MANAGEMENT ZONE



CHUKAR PARTRIDGE PRIMARY MANAGEMENT ZONE





Pheasant

Male

Female

white neck ring

brownish color

long, pointed tail



yellow-orange comb

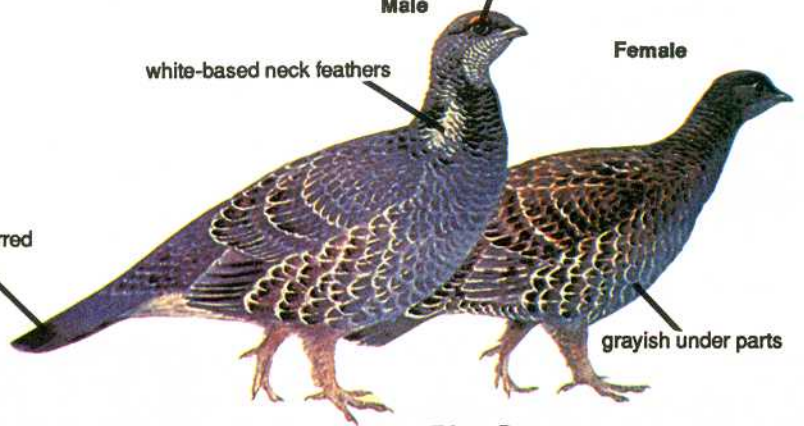
Male

Female

white-based neck feathers

tail square, unbarred

grayish under parts



Blue Grouse

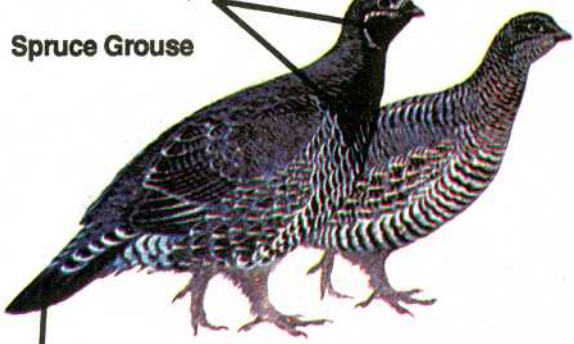
scarlet eye comb

Male

Female

black throat and breast patch

Spruce Grouse



tail feathers unbarred

Male

Female

(both brown- and gray-colored birds exist in Idaho)

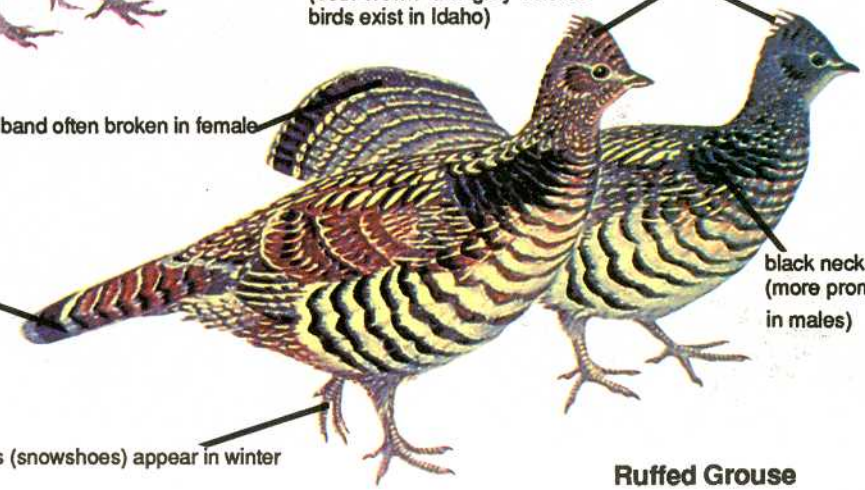
crest

band often broken in female

black neck ruff (more prominent in males)

tail banded

pectinations (snowshoes) appear in winter



Ruffed Grouse

Licensing's Going WILD in 2001

Starting this year, you'll notice some important changes in the way the Department of Fish and Wildlife sells hunting and fishing licenses. Through contract with Worldcom, the department has developed a new, automated licensing system designed to meet the needs of today's recreational hunters and fishers. To pay for the WILD system, a 9.5% transaction fee will be applied to each license sale. The transaction fee pays for the development of WILD as well as computers, printers, license paper stock and training for the life of the five-year contract.

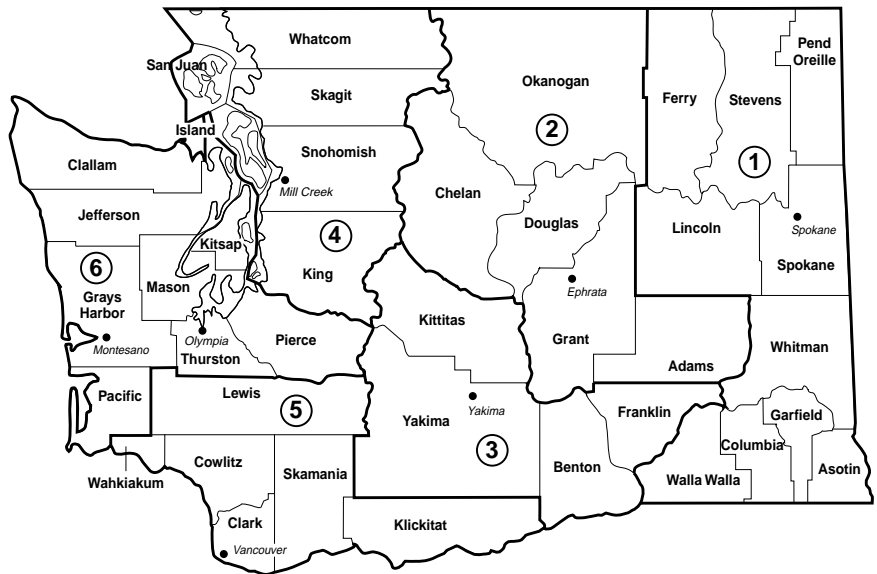
The new Washington Interactive Licensing Database (WILD) has many advantages:

- **Faster Sales** - Each license dealership is linked to a main database containing license buyers names, addresses, and other identifying information. Having this information stored in the main database eliminates the hand writing that was so time consuming. The license dealer simply highlights the requested licenses and hits the print button.
- **Less Paperwork** - Credit card sized licenses are replacing the old, much larger documents. A separate document is not required each time a new license privilege is purchased. A new license containing the previous privileges is placed over the old license.
- **User Friendly** - The new system helps guide license sales. Licensing rules have been incorporated into the automated system which greatly reduces errors in license issuance.
- **Telephone and Internet Sales** - Hunting and fishing licenses can be purchased over the telephone at 1-866-246-9453 or via the Internet at www.fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov. Licenses and transport tags will be mailed. An authorization number is provided at the time of purchase. In those instances where a transport tag is not required, the authorization number acts as your license until your license arrives in the mail. All animals hunted with a small game license including unclassified wildlife may be hunted with a small game authorization number except wild turkey and western Washington pheasant, all migratory birds may be hunted with a small game authorization number that includes a migratory bird validation, until the valid small game license is received in the mail. A federal migratory bird stamp is required by hunters 16 years and older to hunt ducks and geese.

Beginning this year, social security numbers are required for persons 15 years or older in order to purchase a license, as required by federal law. This law was enacted as part of a nation-wide effort to improve child support compliance. Social security numbers will not be displayed on licenses or disclosed except as required by state or federal law.

If you would like more information regarding WILD, please contact WDFW Licensing Division 360-902-2434 or visit WDFW's website at www.fishhunt.dfw.wa.gov.

HUNTING AREA INFORMATION



Information on lands open to public hunting, including WDFW Wildlife Areas, is available from the WDFW offices for the geographical areas shown (see list of WDFW offices on p. 3). Several National Wildlife Refuges operate regulated hunting programs, and thousands of

acres of other federal and state lands are open to public hunting. The Department of Natural Resources sells maps showing public land.

**PHOTO AND MAP SALES - (360) 902-1234
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
P.O. BOX 47031, OLYMPIA, WA 98504**

TRIBAL LANDS

Check with appropriate tribal authorities before entering Indian lands. There are tribal rules pertaining to non-Indian activity upon these lands for the purpose of hunting and fishing.

When hunting or fishing within the boundaries of the Colville Indian Reservation, you should contact the Colville Confederated Tribes, Director of Fish and Wildlife Department (509) 634-4711 to determine the tribal permits and regulations applicable to such activities. When hunting or fishing within the Yakama Indian Reservation you should contact the Yakama Indian Nation (509) 865-5121, Ext. 666. The 2001-02 state upland bird seasons are the same as the seasons established by the Yakama Indian Nation.

CHANGES IN NONTOXIC SHOT RESTRICTIONS FOR UPLAND BIRD HUNTERS

If you're a waterfowl hunter, you're probably aware that waterfowl can die if they eat spent lead shot pellets in their feeding areas. Lead shot is extremely toxic to waterfowl, with one #6 pellet enough to kill a duck under certain conditions. Swans are the most visible evidence of lead poisoning, due to their habit of feeding deep within wetlands that have lead pellets still remaining from past years. Lead-poisoned ducks and other birds carrying embedded lead shot are also known to cause lead poisoning in other species. For example, bald eagles and other raptors can be poisoned by feeding on other wildlife containing lead shot. Problems with the use of lead shot were discovered by extensive testing during the 1970s and 1980s, which led to a phase-out of lead shot as an allowable waterfowl load during 1986-1991.

If lead shot is toxic to waterfowl and other wildlife, why is lead still allowed for hunting other game birds in areas where waterfowl and other wildlife have access to spent lead pellets? Monitoring has found problems on some pheasant release sites in western Washington that are also waterfowl feeding areas. These sites were monitored because they had high concentrations of hunters and waterfowl. As a result of monitoring, nontoxic shot has been required at the Skagit Wildlife Area pheasant release site since 1988, when soil sampling found an estimated 6.8 tons of lead on the site. This site is planted with barley each year, and ducks feed several inches into saturated soil looking for food and grit. Sampling at the Voice of America site in Clallam County estimated 1.5 tons of lead on the site last year. Sampling lead pellet densities in soil and waterfowl tissues is the best way to document problem areas, but these methods are labor intensive, expensive, and sometimes difficult to interpret. Due to these constraints, sampling has been limited.

Some of the main concerns we've heard about using nontoxic shot include

cost, effectiveness, and shotgun barrel damage. Currently, six nontoxic shot alternatives exist, and more are being developed. Costs of alternatives are more expensive than lead shot, particularly newer alternatives which can cost over \$2 per shell. However, steel shot prices have declined and are approaching those of lead shot. Prices of newer alternatives are expected to decline as new shot types become more widely available. In numerous shooting tests, wounding loss from the use of steel shot has been scientifically proven to be no different from that of lead. Poor performance of steel is often related to mismatched load/choke combinations and exceeding the effective range of loads. Fears about barrel damage from nontoxic shot have not been substantiated for the vast majority of shotguns (check with your manufacturer to be sure). Several of the new alternatives have ballistic properties similar to lead, eliminating these concerns. At the April 2000 Fish and Wildlife Commission meeting, 11 pheasant release sites were converted to nontoxic shot use based on a high potential for ingestion of lead by wildlife (for example, sites where waterfowl use sheet water or flooded grain fields).

Earlier this year, more WDFW pheasant release sites were converted to nontoxic shot use, including surrounding public lands where released birds are hunted. These sites will be posted and are listed on pg.13. Based on a Commission request WDFW has prepared a report to assess the need for nontoxic shot restrictions for hunting all game species. This report is available on the WDFW web site.

Pheasants Forever neither supports nor opposes use of nontoxic shot for upland bird hunting. However, to help make sure hunters can participate and enjoy pheasant hunting under new regulations, state chapters of Pheasants Forever and some manufacturers contributed toward distributing nontoxic shot samples and information at new nontoxic-shot-only sites on youth hunt and opening days.

**WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
AVERAGE GAME BIRD HARVEST (1995-99 SEASONS)**

REGION	COUNTY	PHEASANT	GROUSE	DOVE	SNIPE	QUAIL	CHUKAR	HUN	DUCK	GOOSE
1	ASOTIN	2475	1090	452	0	3155	4647	2083	842	247
	COLUMBIA	4949	1762	747	6	3632	383	591	1594	356
	FERRY	214	8671	58	0	183	0	0	1822	474
	GARFIELD	7639	147	699	0	2911	1419	1191	2499	417
	LINCOLN	3600	835	1542	67	2661	279	1314	12276	2458
	PEND OREILLE	171	8014	67	0	15	0	0	4888	1244
	SPOKANE	4365	3220	2007	159	3515	159	877	8296	2062
	STEVENS	890	18362	424	0	579	0	0	2973	504
	WALLA WALLA	8484	1561	1465	151	3324	53	129	19902	2818
	WHITMAN	16550	200	691	157	3939	1574	2959	5606	1117
	REGION 1 TOTAL	49338	43862	8154	541	23915	8515	9144	60697	11696
2	ADAMS	6684	0	3609	11	2120	408	739	15000	2477
	CHELAN	516	5772	4233	12	9326	4091	421	6454	1127
	DOUGLAS	1710	278	5131	23	6163	2251	743	11871	2657
	GRANT	18641	0	17000	196	6154	2730	1228	96111	10571
	OKANOGAN	1539	15008	3533	7	7425	777	590	4001	853
		REGION 2 TOTAL	29090	21059	33506	250	31188	10258	3721	133436
3	BENTON	7787	0	5925	120	8588	1980	690	34300	5598
	FRANKLIN	9673	0	7964	12	4228	175	179	34164	6057
	KITTITAS	1452	4387	752	19	3210	2422	347	5071	477
	YAKIMA	15399	2954	19001	1211	23533	3792	788	39796	2217
		REGION 3 TOTAL	34310	7341	33641	1362	39559	8370	2005	113330
4	ISLAND	1344	24	0	0	53	0	0	6724	297
	KING	2835	2472	82	125	195	0	0	8320	515
	SANJUAN	32	44	0	0	0	0	0	937	16
	SKAGIT	1332	3412	173	31	9	0	0	39322	1001
	SNOHOMISH	1708	2299	11	50	69	0	0	21938	1185
	WHATCOM	3070	1851	42	42	75	0	0	22371	1359
		REGION 4 TOTAL	10323	10102	308	248	400	0	0	99612
5	CLARK	2603	946	100	31	252	0	0	16984	2717
	COWLITZ	870	5090	58	41	0	0	0	6916	1145
	KLICKITAT	636	1916	1238	7	2143	1512	789	1950	570
	LEWIS	1040	7491	82	3	0	0	0	8023	1180
	SKAMANIA	14	2774	0	0	165	0	0	1660	122
	WAHKIAKUM	41	580	24	82	0	0	0	2461	316
		REGION 5 TOTAL	5204	18798	1501	165	2561	1512	789	37993
6	CLALLAM	581	6133	0	64	26	0	0	5937	415
	GRAYS HARBOR	340	6888	25	56	0	0	0	10852	761
	JEFFERSON	119	3672	7	0	4	0	0	2261	83
	KITSAP	189	438	0	0	0	0	0	633	182
	MASON	1853	4398	0	7	188	0	0	3325	114
	PACIFIC	362	2635	7	420	0	0	0	6482	395
	PIERCE	2415	3170	37	19	32	0	0	12819	712
	THURSTON	3431	2648	139	0	4	0	0	7056	460
	REGION 6 TOTAL	9291	29982	216	567	254	0	0	49365	3122
TOTAL		137556	131144	77327	3133	97877	28654	15659	494433	57275

2001-2002 OFFICIAL HUNTING HOURS*

FOR MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS, UPLAND BIRDS, AND WILD TURKEYS

SEPTEMBER 1, 2001 TO JANUARY 31, 2002

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME

Dates (Inclusive)				Western Washington from			Eastern Washington from		
				A.M.	to	P.M.	A.M.	to	P.M.
Saturday	Sept. 1	through	Sunday	Sept. 2	6:00	7:50	5:45	7:40	
Monday	Sept. 3	through	Sunday	Sept. 9	6:05	7:40	5:50	7:30	
Monday	Sept. 10	through	Sunday	Sept. 16	6:15	7:25	6:00	7:15	
Monday	Sept. 17	through	Sunday	Sept. 23	6:20	7:10	6:10	7:00	
Monday	Sept. 24	through	Sunday	Sept. 30	6:30	6:55	6:20	6:45	
Monday	Oct. 1	through	Sunday	Oct. 7	6:40	6:45	6:30	6:30	
Monday	Oct. 8	through	Sunday	Oct. 14	6:50	6:30	6:40	6:15	
Monday	Oct. 15	through	Sunday	Oct. 21	7:00	6:15	6:50	6:05	
Monday	Oct. 22	through	Saturday	Oct. 27	7:10	6:05	7:00	5:50	

PACIFIC STANDARD TIME

Dates (Inclusive)				Western Washington from			Eastern Washington from		
				A.M.	to	P.M.	A.M.	to	P.M.
			Sunday	Oct. 28	6:15	5:00	6:05	4:45	
Monday	Oct. 29	through	Sunday	Nov. 4	6:20	4:50	6:10	4:40	
Monday	Nov. 5	through	Sunday	Nov. 11	6:35	4:40	6:20	4:30	
Monday	Nov. 12	through	Sunday	Nov. 18	6:45	4:35	6:30	4:20	
Monday	Nov. 19	through	Sunday	Nov. 25	6:55	4:25	6:45	4:15	
Monday	Nov. 26	through	Sunday	Dec. 2	7:05	4:20	6:50	4:10	
Monday	Dec. 3	through	Sunday	Dec. 9	7:10	4:20	7:00	4:05	
Monday	Dec. 10	through	Sunday	Dec. 16	7:20	4:20	7:05	4:05	
Monday	Dec. 17	through	Sunday	Dec. 23	7:25	4:20	7:10	4:05	
Monday	Dec. 24	through	Sunday	Dec. 30	7:25	4:25	7:15	4:10	
Monday	Dec. 31	through	Sunday	Jan. 6	7:25	4:30	7:15	4:20	
Monday	Jan. 7	through	Sunday	Jan. 13	7:25	4:40	7:15	4:25	
Monday	Jan. 14	through	Sunday	Jan. 20	7:20	4:45	7:10	4:35	
Monday	Jan. 21	through	Sunday	Jan. 27	7:15	4:55	7:05	4:45	
Monday	Jan. 28	through	Thursday	Jan. 31	7:10	5:05	7:00	4:55	

*These are lawful hunting hours (one-half hour before sunrise to sunset) for migratory game birds (duck, goose, coot, snipe, and mourning dove); upland birds (pheasant, quail, partridge); and turkey during established seasons. Forest grouse hunting hours are the same opening times as listed above, to 1/2 hour after the closing times listed above. **Exceptions:**

- 1) Western Washington—Pheasant and quail hunting hours are 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. in all areas.
- 2) Clark (except areas south of the Washougal River), Cowlitz, Grays Harbor, Pacific, and Wahkiakum counties—Goose hunting hours are 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., except one-half hour before sunrise to sunset during the September goose season and 7:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. during the late goose season.
- 3) Hunting hours for falconry seasons (except migratory game bird seasons) are exempt from these hunting hours, except on designated pheasant release sites.